HAVE SEEN AND I HAVE NOT SEEN.

By the late Gaverner Living flam.

HAVE fees feveral of our allemblies endeavouring at public economy by lowering the fallaries of the efficien of government, and other lattlements of the like efficient of government, and other lattlements of the like at public economy by lowering the fallaries of the efficien of government, and other littlenesses of the like waters; and coffing the public more in their own wages, by the line they from in making the reduction (which ought not to have been made at all) than such (which ought not to nave been made at all individual reduction finally amonated to. But I have not feer one of them calling to a ferious account the theriffs who have defrauded and handreds, by pocketing times; or commitment for forfeited effects, who have plundered as of thou fands, by trading with the money, conventing it into real efforts and afterwards paying as at great depreciation. Way are not these people immediately sompelled to pay the money, according to the value at which they received it? This would really be an obcet wouldy of a legislature. This would go a great way towards filling the fifcal coffer, and cating the

poor citizen in histares.

I have fees tories, members of Congress; tories \$1. Theorem tories, members of Congress; torins histographics upon our tribunals; tories representatives in our legislative conscili, tories; members of our affemblies. But I have not fees them bribed with Bristh monry; nor was such actual vision meediny for my conviction that they were so.

I have feen our soldiers marching barefoot through snow, and over ice: I have not fees them duly recompessed for it; nor America so greatful for the incaprelible inriduals they soldiered, as I thought they would have been

have been.

have been.

I have feet Congress recommending to the several Rates, such falutary measures as would have been of infinite service to the union to have adopted.

I have

Jahnute levice to the union to have adopted. I have the feet the dates adopt the measure.

I have feet commerce declining and, worse thanderlining prosecuted to indoing; idlenter programmers (eli-interest) predominating; https://increasing.adopatriotism languisting. But when final i fee the tree particular tangenting, not come fout 1 fee the tree for fifty of republication energing from its late ignostive controlled topor! and blazing outwith the fame felender, the fame world affouthing correlations, with which it to glorioully illustrated the first morning of its

which it is gloriously intuitated the airt morang or taappearance? I base fees judices of the peace, who were a merburled us upon till magifracy. Jedices illiteratejudices partial judices for gray-judices courting popularity, in judfe to be though alfambly meni-and judtices necouraging lirigiobiness. But I base sat fees
any joint meeting fusiciently cautious against appointing fach men, judices of the peace.

I besee fees four times as many taverse in the flate
at are necediary. Those sopenhoudant taverns are
continually hansted by idlers; and are confinedly for
many nulfatees. All well-repulsed governments

many nullances. All well-regulated governments would abolish them: and yet I have not least any of the courts that license them, willing to retreach the super-

numerary ones.

I bave feen the regency of Algien, making a cruel and unprovoked war upon the United States. I have those infidels to this war to render her own borroms th more necessary for carrying on our commerce, and for other purposes by the said actioneaded.

Hour fera purp money entired by a ligidister, that following promiffed to redeem it; I have feet from the following promiffed to redeem it; I have feet them atterwards depreciate it themselves; and thereforn, believe, that I had been feet in the honest redemption of

I have feen affemblies enaching laws for the amendment of the practice in the courts of justice. But I have accerped from that practice really amended by

hem. I have feen fince our revolution, tories promoted to offices of trust and profit; but I have rever feen the war, who dared to avow either the judice or the propriery of fach promotion.

I hove fers handreds paying their debts, with con-

ineutal money at the depreciated rate of fixty for one. But have many how I fem, who had too much integri-ty to avail themselves of that fabrirage which the law unintentionally afforded them; and who, instead f infringing the golden rule, though protected by uman elicis to iin against it, nobly distained to vio late folema dictates of their own conferences, and gainfilight, and knowledge, and gofpel, to defraud their neighbour of his due?—How many? Not enough

1) conflirme a legal jury.

I bove feen Congress necessitated to berrow me from France and Holland; but I have not feen this fixe tike proper measures to discharge its proportion of those margement.

I have not feet any of our continental officers, who

were, living the war, polled upon our lines for the ex-press purpose of preventing the illegal commerce with the enemy in New-York, themselves carrying on that

famous traffic.

Lwill not tell all that I have feen. The veracity of an historian is aften called in question, when he locats of Riforders in government that appears incredible. He is obliged to relate facts which because extraordinary, though true, are received as exaggeration and rumance for the future, to fee virtue and patriotifm, re I nope, for alculate, by the fame their primaral glory; and our independence, procured at the expener of former blood and treafure, for ever and ever established in righteomorphis.

Legislature of Massachusetts

Legillature of Maniachulcui.

(Canimad from our laft.)

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

SATURDAY, Feb. 5.

M. Davis (Portland) made the following motion,

"That a committee be appointed to revife the
laws which authorise the Selections of towns, to prefide at town meetings, for the choice of Governor,

Sanators, and Representatives of towns, and in Con-

there was a law of the Commonwealth wang impow-ered the Seledmen to prefide at the town meetings;— and that many inflances of improper code of had come to his knowledge—He therefore hoped from measure would be taken, which for the future would avert

Dr. Jarris faid many inconveniencies had artic. in confequence of the Selectmen being authorifed to pre-fide at the choice of the executive officers of the Commonwealth, and the Representatives to Congress, and in that House. It had been found so in the town and in that House, it has been touch in its the same of Freetown especially—and, as such an evil existed, be thought such a law as that proposed, would be ferviceable;—and therefore seconded the motion. iccable ;—and therefore econded the motion.

Mr. Holmes faid a few words, but fpoke too low to

Mr. Wedgery faid be (upperfed the Idea contained in the gentlema's motion, was the regulation of the man-ner of voting.—He (upperfed the ast was the expectation, the contained the con

entertained from the proposed in editing to.

Mr. Davis (Portland) faced the authority by which
the Selectmen had hitherto predicted at town meetings.

He faid they often decided on electroms, not legally, but arbitrarily, according as their interests or prepor-fessions swayed them. He faid it was particularly wrong for them to preside at the election of Represeatatives to Congress-It was an evil of magnitude-and was becoming every day more extensive. He inflan-ced the choice of a Representative in the Diffirst of Maine; wherehe faid, in some of the towns, the Selectmen had received a great number of vates by proxy-and permitted those persons who never had attended any meeting for the purpose, to vote. He did not pre-tend to determine whether such practices were the cffect of ignorance or delign, but from whatever cante the arule, it was high time the mischief thould be er

arme, it was men time the ament indeas to equilled; and fuch an improper maner of connecting them by said fuch an improper maner of connecting them by said in the part to be put to an end.

Dr. Jarvis hoped for realous which had been already mentioned, the revision of the bill alladed to in antion of the gentleman from Portland, would take place. The inflamer of fuch to relieve a before inflamer and fuch to relieve as before inflamer. tron of the gentleman from Fortism, work take place. The inflances of fuch practices as those just flated were numerous. The town of Daniers and two whers, had already been mentioned. The amendation of the law already been mentioned. The amendation of the law was necessary furth, for the prefervation of the rights of election, and fecondly that such election flouds be, by personal vote. If proxics were admitted, it was openinva door to forgeries and perjuries, by which the election of a member might be fecured, when perhaps the majority of votes were in favour of another candidate. He hoped the committee would be appointed, the evil removed, by smending or altering the law, After a few words from some other gentlemen,

the evil removed, by autoding or altening the law. After a few words from some other gendlemen, a committee was appointed and confidled of Medis Davis, Jarvis, Mitchell, Jedlyn, and Walhburn.

Dr. Jarvis faid, as the chose of the week was at hand, in the coarse of which a variety of private business had occurred, helooped food metalizerie would be taken to bring foreway, in the approaching week, the weighty public hadness which would come before the house, in the course of the fertion. He faid there were three or the course or me remail. The last increases there caree or four very important objects; to attend to which committee's had been stready ratiod. He hoped they would be enjoured to fir, and report as early as possible. He incutioned the committee on the subject of a new reluction, that for coeffdering the expediency of new tax, and that on warrants, due bills, &c.

The committee on the petition from the inhabitants of part of the town of Tainton, praying to be feet off, and to be allowed to tax all persons who did not atand to be allowed to tax all performs who did not attend at any place of public worthing to the fupport of the Minister of a meeting house they intend to boild, reported—that the positioners have lead to withdraw their petition; in an much as the prayer of that part of the petition, which requests surhority to affect those inhabitants who do not attend public worthing, to the their petition; in as much as the prayer of that part of the petition, which requests authority on affeit shole in-habitants who do not attend public worthin, to the fupport of their Minister, was an infraction of the Confliction. The hoster accepted the report. Law for limiting the time for liquidating the our

anding demands against the Commonwealth Mr. Thayer mayed, that the opperation of the above be fulpended until the end of the prefent fellion.

Mr. Ingre maye, marine opportuno of the above C be follopeded until the end of the prefent fellion. Mr. Mafon, jun. faid, that every fellion of the General Court, a refollow was palled to fulfiend the opportuno of the act jult mentioned.—It be could be affured that this would be the laft time of applying for it, he headd ever for the marine the fail time of applying for it, he headd ever for the marine t thould vete for the mession. He thought if would be better to repeal the law, than to have the trouble of follopending it every year. There eaght undonheely to be fome time determined on, when there thould be an end to, the demands against the Commonwealth—but

the continually folgending the operation of the act, was impolitic—for it led the people of diffregard it.

A member, whose mane weld not know, alse dif the act was findended has feffion, why it should not his? It was equally fair now, as then. If those persons or the act was findended to the continual to the c was equally fair now, 25 then. If those persons or towns, who had been presented, or had negleted bring-ing in their accounts the preceeding year, had been al-lowed time, it was nothing more than judice to favour those who were deriadiren this fession. He therefore

conded the motion.

Mr. Sewall differed from the gentlemen left speak

Mr. Sewall differed from the gentlemen left speak inc.—and opposed the propriety of suspension. He said if any accounts were brought forward, after the commencement of the act, if any sufficient reason could commencement of the act, it may function train or could be given for the delay, the house on application would despeale with the law, and permit the accounts to be exhibited. If no resslor could be given for not making the demand in time, the notified desired punishment. He therefore should be possible the formation of the safe.

opperation of the act.

Mr. They'er replied, that it was true application

might be made to the General Court to dispeale with aright be made to the Ceneral Court to dispeale, with the law, and that in fenor inflances where fuch applications were made by powerful towns, and backed by his fluence, they would be granted :—But as post town would fluence in the law of the second particles would fluence in and be the law of the petition through the house; —and that induced him to be formenous for fulpending the law;

Mr. Mafon, jun, vindicated the Hon. House, from the aspertion of the gendenian; and demicd that any the affection was ever uled, or fuch partially the power of the properties of the properties of the partial partial

the alperious or ne grotteman; and denied that any fach influence was ever used, or fuch partiality thews. Since he had fat in that house, he had never obtered any fach improper proceedings—but had sliway it marked, that judice was done equally to all now whatever might be their fituation, power or wealth.

After a floor defailory conversation the maner is fided.

Melling from the SENATE

Meflage from the SENATE.

A meflage came from the Hou. Senate, informing they had appointed B. Auttin and S. Fowler, Eq. with fach as the Houfe might joun, a committer to examine the report of Meff or Green and Fofter, who had been appointed to enquire into the flate of the notationed by Treasurer Ivers. Meff or Kollock, Major, Journal of New York, Medical Service (1998). jus. and Davis (Fortand) were joined.

It appeared from the report these accounts were conference on the state of the second were conference on the second second of the second second of the second o

the part of the Senate, to enquire into the means proper to be taken, respecting Treasurer Iver's accounts, and doin, Thomas (W) and Beale were joined by the hor

W. Phillips, jun. Eig. on the part of the Senate, and Maion jun. and Mr. Henhaw, on the part of the house, were appointed a committee to enq the state of the bonds in the Treasurer's p the fixe of the bonds in the sectors once, and
what meets were needfary to be taken to fecure the
property of the Commonwealth in the firme.

A committee was raifed to confider on the property

of a new arrangement of the treasury, and confided of Meff rs Jaryis, Holmes, Wedgery, Jones (B.) and Davis (Plymouth.)
Dr. Jarvis waited on the Hon. Senate, with a met-

Dr. Javri waited on the rious stanter, who a me-fage from the shoefe, requesting they would cajon their members, who were on joint communities on an portant subjects, to fit during the adjournment. The House adjourned until Monday. MONDAY, Feb. 7. Private and local business engaged the attention of

the house this day.

TUESDAY, Feb. 8.

A flatement of the treasury of this Commonwealth, was laid on the table.

An aft was read three times and paffed, to enable Alexander Hunt to affirm the name of Alexander

Alexander Host to allome the name of Alexander Chamberlain Host.

This act was objected to by Mr. Malon, jon. as being a mere whim of the petitioner—there was no propage dependent on the alteration of Hust's name, and the house was waiting time to attend to fach idle captive.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

The report of the commune wealth, to fabribe three hundred thou fand dollars, in continents lendicates to the foan of the United States, was read.

Mr. Jones (3) faid, he rappored there would be as objection to the report, as it would certainly be very advantageous to the Commonwealth.—For it there were yoo, ooo dollars in the freativy, unemplayed, he hould think there was no better manner of diposing of that fum, than by the measure propoled.

Mr. Kollock withed, to know it the certains would not raise more money, if they were fold bow,

would not rail; some money, if they were fold how, than if they were loaned to the United State. If fo he thould be opposed to the loan.

Mr. Davis (Plymouth) one of the committee relief her focks to low we could not collect his answer.

The report of the committee was serred to. Perigions from the Corporation, and from the Preh

Petitions from the Corporation, and from the Preddent and profetion of Harvard College, were readand on motion of Mr. Carnes committed to the committee on the fublish of the University.

The report of the committee on the petition of Rejamin Jeppfon, (who prayed for payment of one jail
the charact of allong, on the experition against Penole
fout, which hitherto relatined unpaid,) was, that the
prayer of the petition be granted, and the peningural a
payet in specie.

After a conversation between McGi's Breck, Jone,

After a convertation between Mefir's Breck, Junes, (B.) Wedgery, Gardiner, Davis (It wind) Davis (It) mouth) Thompson and others, the report was negative.

On motion, the petition was recommitted.
ORDER OF THE DAY.
A bill was read the first and freend time, for provident to ing for the collection of faxes, when the collection of faxes, when the collection for faxes, when the collection faxes, when the collection faxes are the faxes for the faxes fax the faxes faxes faxes for the faxes faxes faxes faxes for the faxes faxes faxes for the faxes faxes for the faxes faxes faxes faxes faxes faxes faxes for the faxes fax

ing for the collection of taxes, when the collection is whom fuch taxes, had been committed were fixe of infence, by appointing another perion in the place of fixed difabled collection.

A thorstwiveration enfact, between Mell'rs Joses, (B) Holmer Bruller, (Newtown) Ely and Wahbara. The bill was recommitted for some amendment, and te-morrow divers o colock utilized for the third random.

[To be continued.]

LONDON, November 29 The Copernican fiften of the Ex-miniferal World,

The Haufe of Coverediffs is the fun, or the co centre of the orbits of the fellowing fr bodies which make their revolution round it.

Mr. Sheridan as Mercury, because he certainly re-

Mr. Sheridan as Mercury, because he certaany se-cerves his lightgand heat from that great body. Mi-Bone as Vest, because he is higher in the filter and-becomes our Evening, and Marming Star by supe-either as a Mac Box or and Oratio.—Lord Longiberough, as the Renth, Bossulope is a greater diffance from the

for than the other planets - Lord North as Mars, befan ting ties arker planets — Lord North as Mars, be-seniehe is till higher in the political fyfem, and takes inger circuit, sud in a manner revolves round the font—Mr. Fox as lupiter, beraide be formes the largest planet, and deferibles an extendive political Etypia cand the Son, and has three Satellites moving round in: Mr. Antruther, Mr. Courtney, and Mr. Grey. Lart Fireherbert we feet down as Saturn, being the most remote or all the planets.

Japoliticks there are no fixed flars, here our para-

Impoliticat there are no fixed flars, here our paragraphical Copernicus must conclude.

A very ferious writer, in the Penalylvania. Mercusy
and Universal Advertiser, Pebruary 27, 1759, gives
we the McLanchady pitture of the degeneracy of the
once reputed virmous Philadelphia.—"Another evil,
says the, which is the Cenadal of that City, is the vall
anaber of boales of bad fame, disperied every where
through it. Shall it be mentioned to the eternal, disgrace of Philadelphia that there are in the city adtaborts, very probable not lefs than five or fix thousand
opp around quaditates I And in the fireests where
whole bears of them reside, the neighbours are pleased
to have it so, because the restort of failors and others to
them, brings money to the taverus and Grantlings,"

to have it to, because the refort of initions and others to them, brings money to the tawents and dramithops," We have never heard the number of the inhabitants in that cirr, robe calculated higher than 10,000 more, one half of their cannot be women, and therefore ac-cording to this writer, every fourth or fifth woman in this is an open arowed profitter. It is hoped this is an exaggeration; though the account has never been contradicted, and it was faid to be written by a

been contradicted, and it was faile to be written by a popular Cleryman. This furely, is our that paradical State, the milleuism Dr. Price dreamed would the place in his beloved America!

The door money at the place battle of Mendeza and Humphreys, (two noted boxers) amounted to the triffeig foun of feten hundred pounds. The door money at a charity fermion at Doneanter, the fubriquear Sabiatic, amounted to the fum of four pounds for hillings! So quach for the mend refinement of 1790.

The Freedom of the Prefs in France, feems to have that the state of the place of the pl

The Freedom of the Prefs in France, feeting to have sarafted the attention of the Legislature, three. The bendaries of liberty are delicate, & eafy to be defined. «Spould thefe be invaled, political liberty is gone. If has been fuggeded to the Printers of London, to purent a Petition to Parliament, purying that a Computer of Parliament, purying that a Comruser a requon to rattament, praying that a Com-niter of Lawyers may be appointed to trave apaclear, flort, and comprehenive definition of a left. Libel, which being hung on in every Printing Office, if it re-petited the corry of literary execution, might at least aver those penalties that, have so recently fallen so on the houest an underigning Printer thus crafe to be entrapped into profecution by the fcm-blance held farth to him of freedom.

Frenchmen, in general are not wanting in fancy or deficient in historical knowledge—yet they do not feen in trace in La Fayette the charafter of Fairfax; or an Mirabean, that of Cromwell. GENEVA:

GENEVA:

If appears that the immber of Isolotis in that Republick, does not erceed 1200 annually, and the number of advocates, attornies, and cleaks, is not more

her of advocates, attornies, and cleaks, is, not more than 30.

Now, impeding 31,000 fools in the Republic, the met of law in England, according to the fone proportion obly not to exceed 600; whereas they are known to be more tuniserion than our army, and navy put together. Querry, How majacrops were the localis of kep pt.

The whole expende of obtaining jaltace in General measurements to 2000k is multiply. The scotts of a fingle case in England often exceeds that form, Yet, General in proposition to its postpolatiles, is threely as com-

14, in proposition to its populouiness, is forcely, at com-mercial a compty as England. The distreme, there-fort, can only artis from the higher timprovements of the important branch of publics administration in its and country, than has yet taken place in the other.

EASTON, (Mar.) February 1 Ir is with real concern we relate the many de with have recently taken place in the county of Anar stranded on the wester t, on the western share of this state. Seco-respectable families have been deprived of mortal erificace, and left a train of friends and ac-casinance to bewall their loft.—Among whom are Mr. Inho. Swill, Mr. Thomas Small, Mr. Stepken Bonn, and Mr. Henry Oneal Welch—who died thoriv after octanisher of the fame malady and many others of

meaninher of the fame malady, and many others of right alpin? I the faid their genitimen died of an influence in the bright.

On Thurday the 10th all. a first mulliant woman water identity that in Amapetit, by a lad who was austing himself widra gon. The gun, we learn, had for fine time been figuring loaded in the flore time been figuring loaded in the flore which this unfortunate woman was entering, when the youth above that it was charpel, drew the trigger, which ledged the contents in her body; and put a period to be revitlence on the foot.—This melancholy tashput, it is hoped will prove a ferious lesion to the who wastonly four with gont.

Feb. 8. Sunday for might a floop (neyofed in his on France in the sundance) was overfet in a law of wind off tray to Balaimore, was overfet in a law of wind off

Feb. 8. Sunday fernight a floor, imposed in he on ketway to Balimore, was overfet in a flaw of wind of Sady-Point.—Captain Hadway, in a febroner form dilater from her, feeing her go over, here down for the ritle of the people—when he different as a manner the bottom of the floor, whom he endeavoured go they rejected attempts to take up—but from the Solence of the wind and the hemomed fart of the wind which tendered him intervable of helping himfelf, the floorer as forced of its all fifth as whose of floorer. mer was forced off, and left the anhappy fafferer in desires as forced off and left the ambaput (afterer as feelings and deploisable futuaries—The unes informed. Taistin Hadaway, before he left him, that there are before bineful, there people on board the Boop when the location of the state of the state

deliver up the Western Posts, or making any compen fation for the Negroes taken from thit country, unlefs the United States engage to make good all Debts due to their meach

DANBURY, Feb. 1.
A correspondent has sentus the following account of the flipwreck of the brig SALLY, mentioned in our

ON the morning of the 17th of January between 2 and go'clock the brig Sally, Lelonging to Smanfard, come anded by Capt. Benjamin Keeler, of Ridgefield, sygged from a voyagets the W. Indies, was call way on Eston's Reeft Long Island, and all on board; con-

on Eston's Reeft Long-Hand, and all on beard; coslifting of it perfors, perithed.

The fluore prefented a mountful and diffeding fight
of various parts of veific and cargo flustered and broken
to pieces, floating upon the water. The quarter deck,
which was composed of flaw o inch tank, was broken
crofs ways, and the veifil sore alwader in many parts.
These fragments and mined cargo were drilled on
fluore about 30 rods from the extremity of Eston's
point. The hody of Capt. Keeler was found drifted
on thore, with his arms clienched full round the troppadi
through, where he probably was when the veifil fluck,
and folk with the mail. Three others bodies were throad, where he probably was when the wells fluck, and foll, with the mall. Three others bodies were found on there, viz.—Daniel Gray of Stamford, Stephen Jackfon and James Budler, of Norvalk; fail-our. The Brig failed out of Sagg-Harbour on Sunday morning: The ferenty of the weather, the mildneis of the day, and the little apparance of body a dreadful florm, had probably raifed their expeditations of seaching their deligned pore without danger. But from that time to the morning in which they perified, we can only conjecture their awful and diffrent fluction; execution from flore circumfunctors and name. we can only conjecture their awful and diffirflind fina-tion; excepting from fonc circumfances and paper. It appears that Capit Keller, appechending the definite-ion that awaited them, packed his closties up and put them with his papers respecting the voyage, his warch, needd, and fome other things, into his chell; locked it, and failtened his key to the hinge of his trunk: In or-der to fecture themselves in cale the wild thould finke, they had fall need one end of a piece of rigging to the look, the other to the throads. The wells was feen as teren of locks in the morning of the 17st close is with none, me other to the invocat. In events was ternal feverne clock in the morning of the 17th clofe in with the land at Eaten's neck, under fail and endeavouring to claw off the fhore. Soon after this, they were probably flore in pieces. Among the papers found, there was one written by the captain, and carefully, packed up with the log-book, deferbing the barrons of the floren, and the differs they/were in, being prefeated with orbits but he down referred in a second control of the floren. flore, and the dulve's they's etc in, being prefented with unbring but the gloomy pringhed of a watery grave. The bodies which were found were brought from the Hiland on Puritisy, age, and on the 26th, Caprain Keyler's was decently interred. The Rev. Mr. Mitchel, of Canasa, preached a fermon from Heb. 4, 16, to the larged concourte of people ever affembled in Ridgefield, on a fimiliar occasion. The whole was attended with the greatest following and all drop-ord a test of from the with the between the first of from the with the between the state of from the with the between the state of from the with the between the state of from the state of the s are production in the greater incoming, and a urrap-ped a test of frampathy with the betweet Griends Capt. Keeler was the only fon of his worker, Ethe a wid-ow—A doutful & affectionate child, beforea by all his ac-quationare: Having experienced mistortunes himself, he was ever ready to forcour the wretched. As sea. man he was expert, having followed the honnels 12 years: He died (aged 29) famonted by his relations,

friends and sequelinance.
The following lines were found in Caprain Keyler's
clott, with his papers, tappofed to have been written
during the form in which be followed.

"How wonderfulls the freme altered; the land-

fcape, large and spacious, which a warm fancy drew, brought to the test of cool experience, thrinks into a from Juff as the flore vanishes, and intensities dwin-dle to a first, when the failor, furrounded by fires and ocean, throws his last look on his dear native land.

dle to a 1901, wom an assession occan, brows his his dock on his dear native land,

"The tempest fundamental the force of the air; and pours itself with resident fury from the eagry. North, The whole atmosphere is tosted into munitum confesion; and the watery would it beaved to the clouds. The about linder auritor and his furning vessel most faller the rolling mountains, and hung dreasfally visible on the broken surge; Now shoot with headlong income the broken surge; Now shoot with headlong income the faller is the property of the surgest o os the broken furge: Now floor with headlong im-petrofity into the yawning gulf, and neither helk nor maft is feen. It flaggers the pilot, and baffles the fkil-

Oh how fweet is a fleady mind at that time! That fweet relief, the healing hand of Heav'n,
Alone to infirring innocence has giv'n;
Come friend of virrue, halas of cr'ry care,

Dwell in my bolom, and forbid defpair."

B O S T O N, February 23.

Yester ay came on before the Supreme Judicial
Court, the trial of the Printer of the Herald, on the Cours, the that of the Fritter or the Freeza, on the Charge of publishing a Libel aga nil John Gardion; Efg. After a very fair and candid invelligation of the charge, it was last evening committed to a respeciable jury, who brought in their width NOT GUILTY. The Hon. Court were in their fexilet subset; and a The Hon. Court were in their feather rober; and a vaft concourfe of citizens attended the trial—which was the first for a libel ever had in this country.

Marcu, 3. Extract of a letter from Philadelphia, dated February,

1791.
The Supreme Court of the United States, open The Supreme Court of the United States, opened here is the week. The Judges did not all attend. The only action entered was brought by a Foreigner, spatial the State of Maryland. The Writ was ferred upon the GOVERNOUR, the Supreme Executive of the State, and upon the Attorney General. Two months are given for the State to plend. Should this action he makerained, one great mational queffices, will be feet ided;—that it, that the feveral States, have irelinguished the design of the SOWER ECOLUMN. lied,—hat it, that the fereral States, have relinquished all their SOVEREIGNTIES, and have become mere exportations, upon the clashiftment of the General Government: For a Sovereign State, can never be fately of correctly by the anthonicy of another government. The sovereign State, can never be fately of correctly by the anthonicy of another government.

ment. Should this point be supported, in fatour of this code against Maryland, each State in the Union, may be sued by the policiform of their public securities, and by all their cordinors. As the execution will be against them as mere corporations, they will be issued against all the inhabitants generally; the Governors, &

all other citizens will be alike hable.

Such offices will not be covered; even the Conflita-tional privilege, in the feveral States, againf arrefting Senaton and Representatives, while the Courts are

fitting, will be done away. A bill was read a first time, in the House of Reprefentatives, yesterday, for preventing the decay of the For Trade, in this Commonwealth.—It is therein enact-For Trade, in this Commonwealth—It is therein enacted, Itan no perfoit failt, in the summis of June, July, August and Septamber, Ell any of the following Animals, viz.: Beau, Wolverines, Mafquath, Black-Cats, Cive, Otter, Mink, Sable, Beaver, For and Martin-ander a certain pensity.

One gentleman objected to the Fox being, is claded i,—Bit Gen. Thempton observed, that Foxes were viry harmless creature, and only tilled hem and chiefers.—Other, Members were vidently considered to the Research.

hamiles creatures and only killed hera and chickens— Other Members were sixiently oppored to the Bear— but others advocated the cause of Bruin.
The Speaker, ikked Gen. Thompton, what a Wolve-sine was :—And that genifenass, though be professed himself as old Gunner, could not resolve the question. Gen. Thompton thought, that no mus should be pre-rented from killing a Rasoon; and that he dured not, if the preferat bill patied.—

Mr. Snow, faid, he would, if he caught them in his

me Members objected to one, and fome to anoth-

onn.

Some Members objected to one, and fome to another of these Vermin; and several of them were excluded the benefit of the act. The bill was at length recommitted for amendment.

The alarming encrease of Forgeries both in the Santhera & in the New Englanditures, all for a spendy and vigorous check.—The first inflance we have heard of in this State occarroller. Salen, where Mr. Meirill, was size of your street of the sale in the Santhera and the Santhera & in the New Englanditures, all for a spendy and vigorous check.—The first inflance we have heard of in this State occarroller. Salen, where Mr. Meirill, was size of your side of the street of the sale size of the surface of in this town, so be treat before the Circuit Court of the JU. States, in May state, for passing a counterfeited note of the United States, is DEATH.—So of Friday night, last, the Dwelling House of the United States, is DEATH.—Or Friday night, last, the Dwelling House of the Reversed Mr. Kendell, of Welhon, took fire, and to each with the Fornium, does not deflayed—The Family surrowly escaping with their lives.

NORT HAM PTON, March 9.

The Longiture of North Craoline, have passed ear aft to suthorize Henry Emasuel Latterdob to wiste, by way of Lordry, a Sem inflicient to enable him to bring into that State, Foreigners, who are Artisan in various branches to benines, inflicient to enable him to bring into that State, Foreigners, who are Artisan in various branches to benines, inflicient to enable him to this grived in the State of North Carolina—who are justify confidered a valgable Acquisition to that State of South-Carolina surveyored on the Legislanre, in and, 133.

DEDJ—Art Hasley, on Wednesday List, and on the Friday following arrended by a large concounter of friends and sequentance, was devently intered, Min. Antern Proxy to Just pass of the proper of the decay of years; the Ridert daughter of the large Cal Jean Pallilly, of Bofton, Josice to the unemory of the decay of years; the Ridert daughter of the unemory of the decay of years

A few Dickets in the femi-annual State Los A few Tickets in the femi-annual State Louvery which will politively commence Drawing on the 17th infi may be had of Ebenezer Hunt Rig. Korthampton. -No tickets will be fold after that time.

Congress of the United States, at their third Seifies, hegan and held at the City of Philadelphia, on Monday the fixth of Dec. one thouland feven him-

dred and ninery.

An ACT for the admittion of the flate of Vermont in

An ACT for the admittion of the flate of Vermont into this vation.

THE flate of Vermont having petitioned the Cougeris to be admitted a member of the United States. BE it endfeld by the Senate and Houfe of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress iffembled, and it is thereby enactive and declared. That on the fourth day of Marth, one thoutand feven hondred and ninety-one, the fulf flate, by the name and flyle of "The State of Vermont," thall the received and admitted into the union, as a new and entire member of the United States of America.

Appeared—February the 18th 1791.

BROKE GAOL

BROKE GAOL,

BROKE GAOL,

IN Northampton, on the night of the 5th inft. Daniel
Bacon, of Bockland, committed for theft—aged 32,
feet oinches high.

Charlet Bacar, of Woodsbock, in Connecticut, com-

mitted for Berghay—aged 38, 5 feet 7 inches high.
Had on a London brown cost, without betturn brown
overhalls, and black breches under them.
Whoever will aprehend faid persons for ithat they
was he recommitted to Gaob, field baye five dollar re-

ward for each of them, and all necessary charges paid by ELISHA PORTER, Sheriff.

Northampton, March 7th 1791.

Cushions, curled and craped in