

THE WANDERING BEAUTY.
The Graces and the wandering Lover,
To chace the fawn, or in deep grove,
To woud admiring twins.

With their bright midfairs they they pray,
Who turns her careless eyes
From daily triumph's yet each day,
Beholds new conquests in her way,
And conquers while she flies.

But fear! implor'd by morning prayers
To change the lover's pain:
Venus her harmful dove prepares,
And brings the fair again.

Proud mortals, who this maid pursue,
Think you she'll e'er resign?
Crease, foals, your wiles to renew,
Till the glow her and blood like you,
Or you, like her, divine!

THOMAS PAINE AND THE PARSON.
It may be depended upon as a certain fact, that in a village in the north, the wealthy rector of the parish offered two guineas to a number of poor people, to burn Tom Paine in effigy. They readily accepted the offer and performed the business. An intelligent gentleman in the place, in order to show how little can be learnt or depended upon with respect to the sentiments of the common people on politics, how little they know of the present disputes, and how easy a sum of money or a little beer will induce them to change sides, offered the same poor people more to burn the jolly rector in effigy, to which they as readily consented, and having dressed up a figure in something like sacerdotal robes, they actually burnt it, to the no small diversion of the neighbourhood, before the parson's own door.

LONDON, March 26.
The following petition was presented to the King at the levee, on Wednesday last, by Lord Petre, &c. and most graciously received.
"To the Kings most gracious Majesty,
The humble address of the Catholic Priests, Clergy and Communion of Great Britain.
"Most gracious Sovereign,
"We, your Majesty's dutiful and loyal subjects, the Catholic Priests, Clergy, and communion of your Kingdom of Great Britain, beg leave to approach your royal presence, at the time when the disastrous events in a neighbouring kingdom have nearly involved all Europe in the calamities of a war, to assure your Majesty of our most loyal and unfeigned attachment to your Majesty's person, crown, and dignity, to the constitution of our country, and of our utter abhorrence of all principles subversive of order and government, and tending to produce anarchy and confusion.
"Deeply sensible of the manifold blessings we enjoy under the clemency of your Majesty's government, gratified by the favour which the legislature has lately conferred on us, we have still to lament that the delicacy of our situation leaves us no other means of manifesting our zeal to your Majesty, and our wishes to secure our country, except the sincere assurances that we shall ever be ready, in our respective situations, with our lives and fortunes, to co-operate with our fellow subjects, in the defence and support of your Majesty's person, and the constitution of these realms, in any manner which your Majesty's Government shall deem expedient."

ROBERT BRECK, and SON,
INFORM their customers and the public, they have just received a large and general assortment of
English, India and Hard Ware.
GOODS,
Suitable for all seasons, which their customers and others may obtain on the most reasonable terms possible. Likewise Brandy, W. I. and New England Rum, by Barrel or less quantity do. Molasses, Brown Sugar, Raisins, and Malaga Wines, Japan Candles, Refined Tea, Chocolate, Pepper, Alspice, 8 by 6 Window Glass, Sand Irons, Cast-iron Saws, Steel plated hand Saws, and Sails do. Coffee, Nutmegs and Gingers, Powder and Shot, Lead, Iron Shovels—likewise has a quantity of Scythes and other kinds of Blacksmith's work manufactured at his Blacksmith's shop near the Meeting house, by an approved Workman, good credit will be taken for any of the above articles.
Easthampton, May 28, 1793.

Elezar & William Porter,
HAVE just received a very large supply of GOODS, suitable for the present season—Those Gentlemen and Ladies who wish to purchase, are requested to call and see if they can't be as well accommodated by them, as by any of their Brother-Traders in this or the neighbouring Towns.
Hartley, May 21, 1793.

ROBERT BRECK, and SON,
INFORM their customers and the public, they have just received a large and general assortment of
English, India and Hard Ware.
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Suitable for all seasons, which their customers and others may obtain on the most reasonable terms possible. Likewise Brandy, W. I. and New England Rum, by Barrel or less quantity do. Molasses, Brown Sugar, Raisins, and Malaga Wines, Japan Candles, Refined Tea, Chocolate, Pepper, Alspice, 8 by 6 Window Glass, Sand Irons, Cast-iron Saws, Steel plated hand Saws, and Sails do. Coffee, Nutmegs and Gingers, Powder and Shot, Lead, Iron Shovels—likewise has a quantity of Scythes and other kinds of Blacksmith's work manufactured at his Blacksmith's shop near the Meeting house, by an approved Workman, good credit will be taken for any of the above articles.
Easthampton, May 28, 1793.

TOWN OFFICER.
A NEW EDITION of the TOWN OFFICER, corrected, improved and greatly enlarged, containing the Powers and DUTY of selectmen, Town Treasurers, Overseers of the poor, Assessors, Constables, Collectors of Taxes, Surveyors of highways—Surveyors of lumber, Fence Viewers, and all other Town and County Officers, as contained in the Laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts; with a variety of FORMS for the Use of such officers.
The Power and DUTY of TOWNS, PARISHES, and PLANTATIONS, and a plan and regular METHOD to keep ACCOUNTS of the Expenditures of Monies voted by a town, upon an inspection of which the State of its Finances may at any time be known.
By SAMUEL FREEMAN, Esq.
Sold by ISAIAH THOMAS, in WORCESTER, and by JAMES INGOLS, in BOSTON.

JAMES INGOLS,
INFORMS his friends and the Public, that he continues to carry on his business as usually, opposite the Court House. He flatters himself that he will be able to gratify the gentlemen and ladies, in the vicinity, with the newest and best fashioned WIGS, TYES, COMMODES, &c.—CASH and the highest price given for long HUMAN HAIR, and every favor particularly acknowledged.
N. B. WANTED, a likely young LAD, about fourteen years of age, as an apprentice to the above business.
Northampton, May 15, 1793.

BAY RICHMOND,
WILL cover this season, at the stable of Beriah's farm, in Camington, at 65, the lease, 125, the season, from 15 to 24, to ensure a foal. He covered above 140 mares last season.
Likewise a JACK, will cover at the above stable at the best price of the kind—all that choose to engage for the male sex at 4 months old, shall receive 4s. for each male, and 2s. for each female. All those indebted for the use of said horse, that is more than one year standing are desired to make payment.
Camington, May 20, 1793.

DANIEL SPOONER, Collector.
Health, May 27, 1793.

PROPOSALS
For PUBLISHING BY SUBSCRIPTION,
The redeemed Captive returning to Zion: OR,
A FAITHFUL HISTORY OF
REMARKABLE OCCURRENCES
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CAPTIVITY AND DELIVERANCE
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Mr. JOHN WILLIAMS,
MINISTER of the Gospel in Deerfield, who, in the defolation which befel that Plantation, by an incursion of the French and Indians, was by the carried away, with his family, and his neighbourhood into Canada.
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Appozed to which, is a SERMON, preached by him upon his return, at the Lecture in Boston, Dec. 4, 1760, on those words. Luke viii, 39. Return to thine own house, and show how great things the Lord hath done unto thee.
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CONDITIONS.
I. The work shall be well executed, on a handsome type, and good paper; and will contain about 130 octavo pages.
II. The price to subscribers, neatly bound, will be Two Shillings and Ten Pence, if finished in blue, Two Shillings. Those who subscribe for six books shall have a great gratis.
* Subscriptions are received at Greenfield by T. Dickman, and at this office.
Printing-Office, Greenfield, May 13, 1793.
FRESH GOODS,
JUST OPENED AND FOR SALE, BY
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Among which are the following (seasonable articles), SUPERFINE MUSLIN
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NORTHAMPTON, MAY 29, 1793.
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Hamshire Gazette.

NORTHAMPTON, (Massachusetts) PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY WILLIAM BUTLER.
Vol. VII.] WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12, 1793. [NUMB. 354.

Printing-Office, Northampton, June 12, 1793.
PROPOSALS
FOR PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION,
DISSERTATIONS
ON THE
PROPHECIES,
Which have been remarkably fulfilled, and are at this time fulfilling in the world.
By THOMAS NEWTON, D. D.
Late Lord Bishop of Bristol.
IN ONE VOLUME.
CONDITIONS.
I. The work shall be well executed, on a handsome new type, and good paper, and will contain about 600 pages, Octavo.
II. The price to Subscribers, neatly bound and lettered, will be TEN SHILLINGS, the money to be paid on delivery of the Books.
III. Those who subscribe for nine books, shall have a tenth gratis.
* Subscriptions are received by WILLIAM BUTLER, the intended publisher—and by a number of gentlemen in whose hands subscription papers are lodged.
From FRENCHMAN'S NATIONAL GAZETTE.
By THE PRESSMAN OF AMERICA.

FELLOW CITIZENS,
THIS is an awful crisis; the present period is pregnant with the most important events. Freedom and tyranny, dreadful as contending elements, are struggling for pre-eminence—and the issue seems doubtful. We are in the midst of a storm, and the elements of war are kindling around us. We are in the midst of a storm, and the elements of war are kindling around us. We are in the midst of a storm, and the elements of war are kindling around us.

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their representatives here, and by the expressions of joy or sorrow on their vicissitudes of defeat.
THE SOLDIER.
CURIOUS INSTANCE OF DIVORCE.
THE new law of divorce by mutual Consent has produced in France some very curious effects. Not one of the writers who foretold its consequences anticipated any instance so monstrous as the following: A young woman, an orphan, aged 17, and very rich had been married about five years to a young man, without fortune. They had lived in the most perfect happiness, and it was with the utmost astonishment that their neighbors and friends heard of their intending, by agreement, to take advantage of the new law; but their surprise was still greater, when two or three days after, they saw them estranged to each other again.
The reason of all this was—that their first union being a love match, the young lady's guardians had consented only upon condition that her whole fortune should be secured to her, so that the husband could engage in no beneficial industry with the capital. They dissolved the marriage by the new law of divorce, and the lady being thereby made mistress of her fortune by being of age, proved her liberality and gratitude, by making her husband master of her fortune, as he was the engineer of her happiness.

FRENCH NATIONAL CONVENTION.
PARIS, MARCH 30.
CAMELUS.—The Committee of General Defence has charged me to propose to you, members of safety, resolved upon this right, in presence of a great number of Deputies, after a long deliberation.
"Dispositions arrived yesterday from the army inform us, that the most odious plots are in agitation for the destruction of the Republic. We do not know the whole, but we shall soon be in possession of it. I propose,
1. That the Minister of War shall instantly set on foot to examine the state of the Army of the North.
2. That the Committee of Members of the Convention, shall resolve to take the first army with power to suspend and arrest all Generals and Military Officers whom they shall suspect, and bring them to the bar.
This decree was passed almost unanimously.
After the Convention had decreed that General Demostrius should be brought to the bar, MARAT moved, that the Minister of War should remain at Paris, where he would be more useful than on the frontiers inspecting the army of the North.
CAMELUS said, that the Minister had yesterday made two objections to the committee; 1st. The necessity of his presence at the War Office; 2d. The bad state of his health would allow him to make a journey of seven or eight days to visit his country free from danger; and that his efforts would attend to the business of the war office.
SUNDAY MARCH 31.
MONTAGNE, read a letter, signed by him from Legend to Marse, the left bank of the Rhone covered with insurgents, who, to the number of 2000, had entrenched themselves with 60 pounders, and had erected batteries. They had, however, been attacked—two hundred of them were killed, and 300 who had been made prisoners, were massacred by the patriots. After this the insurgents returned in greater force, and took 82 patriots prisoners. The letter added, that it was much to be apprehended that the English would take advantage of these disorders, for the rebels who were commanded by experienced Chiefs, were continually shouting out, *Vivez les Anglais!*
A deputation from the Municipality of Paris, requested freely justice on Gen. DUMOURIER, and all those who, like him, who wished to lessen the national authority, *le vain,* said they, "are accomplices in calumniating our generous defenders, the soldiers, who camp the army of which he is the head. Great efforts, letters, to that army a chief worthy of a public chief, who has never treated the infirmities air of courtiers, the heads of all the guilty trait at the bottom of the scaffold."
MONDAY, APRIL 1.
MARAT denounced the three hundred Deputies who had joined to form a Committee of Public Safety, as conspirators, who were entirely under the influence of Brissot, Gaudet and Vergas.
LE-SOUCRE replied, that Marat was an impostor.
CAMELUS, in the name of the Committee of Public Safety, read a letter of Demostrius to the National Convention, of the 12th, and another of the 23d of March, addressed to Bourboisville, in which he gave an account of the retreat of the body of the army under the command of General Neilly and Ferrand, who, by the desertion of a great number of volunteers were obliged to evacuate the city of Marse, during the night of the capitulation of Gen. Martignol, military commander of Aachen, who, by the method though not deemed honorable, yet indispensably necessary, saved a body of 20,000 men. In these letters, Demostrius describes the army as in the greatest disorder, and not having provisions for more than ten days; He says, that the pretended focos of army, from the

departments of the North, consisting only of old men and children, who, so far from being useful, serve only to increase the confusion and consume the provisions. He declares, that if order and discipline, be not restored—that if fifty authorities, each more absurd than the other, continue to direct all political and military operations, France is lost; he declares that he will, with a few number of brave men, would carry themselves under the name of their country. Demostrius concluded this melancholy representation of the state of affairs by saying, I have always affirmed, and I repeat, that a Republic can only be founded on virtue, and that freedom can be maintained only by order and wisdom.
CAMELUS, after having read these letters of Demostrius, gave an account of the proceedings of the Commissioners of the Executive Power.
Arrived at Valenciennes, they learned that General Demostrius was at Louvain.
They repaired thither, and found him with Madame Willey, with Farnet, Egellie, and Vatin. He was surrounded with deputations from the district of Cambrai. The intercourse was violent. Demostrius expressed himself in terms of invective against the Jacobins: "They will ruin France," said he: "But I shall follow it, though they should call it a Caesar, in a Cromwell, a Marl." The Commissioners carried the conversation no further. They departed and returned the next day, determined to dissemble, in order the better to discover the extent of his views. Encouraged by their overtures, Demostrius no longer kept any bounds. He said, that the Convention was a herd of ruffians, whom he all, equally held in abhorrence. That all the volunteers were poltroons—did all their efforts would be in vain. "I have," said he: "But I shall follow it, though they should call it a Caesar, in a Cromwell, a Marl." The Commissioners carried the conversation no further. 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