Netwithflanding thefe excesses, the laws er, (1793), to be rather gaining ground. Several principal diffillers, who had for-menty held out, complied, and others difcovered a disposition to comply, which was

onix retrained by the fear of violence.

But these favourable circumflances served to beget alirm among those who were determined, at all events, to prevent the quiet establishment of the laws. It soon appeared, that they meditated, by fresh and appeared, institute of ministric, or remains greater excelles, or arise still more effections blow at them, to first the frequency from the foreign of the laws, within that part of the country, by compelling all the efficient to renounce their effects.

renousee their effects.

The last proceedings, in the case of the collector of Fayeste, was in this spirit. In Jacusty of the present year, further viscoes against the hard been perpetrated. William Richmond, who had given information against some of the ricores, in the affair of Wilson, had his barn burnt with all the grain and hay which it contained; and the iame thing happened to Robert Shawhan, a diffiller, who had been among the first to comply with the law, and who had always speken torourably of it.—But, in neither of these inflances, (which hap-pened in the county of Alleghary) though the presumptions were violated. the prefumptions were violent, was any positive proof obtained.

The inspector of the revenue, in a let-

ter of the 27th of February, writes, that he had received information, that perfors living near the dividing line of Alleghany and Weshington, had thrown out threats of enthering one William Cochcomplying diffiler, and of burning his diffillery; and that it had also been ing his diffillery; and that it has been would given out, that in three weeks, there would not be a house thanding in Allegham country, who had complied with ty, of any person, who had complied the laws. In confequence of which the laws. In confequence of which, he had been induced to pay a vifit to feveral leading individuals in that quarter, as well to afcettain the truth of the information as to endeavour to avert the attempt to execute fuch threats.

It appeared afterwards, that on his re-

turn home, he had been purfued by a col-lection of diforderly perfore, threatening, lection of diforderly reform, threatening, as they went along, vengeance against him. On their way, these men called at the house of James Kiddor, who had recently compiled with the laws, broke into his fill house, first him his fill house, first limb his

(The remainder in our next.)

BERLIN. (Proffia) June 24. BERUN, [Profits] Jone 24.
Grest masks of discontent are manifeded in this country. I may fay throughout
the whole of Germany. The people in
generalist very average to the prefent way
against Funce. They soon men refuse
every where to go to the armire, though they are in great want of reinforcements. The infurrection in Poland becomes more ferious every day; there even are fome ramours is has reached Silefia. Several de-

rachments of the garrifon of this city have received orders to moreh towards that part, among thefe, are the regiments of Brown and Moellendorf.

On the 16th of this month we had an af-fray which is perhaps but a foregumen of fonething more lerious. There were stated from the forest recruiters who had intoxicated from young blackfmith apprentices and journet men is order to calift them. Some body informed of the circumlances a nombody informed of the circumlances and

ber of their fellow tradefraen, who left their thops and collected a number of workmen in other branches : they went to the tavern, where they referred the young people from the bands of those human flesh people from the bands of those human flein trangers there worted the windows the military hats which they had put on the heads of the young men. The recruiters attempted to apologize for their conduct, in faying that these young men could not pay for the liquor they had drank. Such an excelle had no effect upon people who are arquainted with the tricks of those had villains. They were brighted but of door villains. They were kicked out of doors, a neighbouring corps de guard feut a de-tachment to quell the riot but they were very ill afed by the people and obliged to

On the fame day and the following, the Blacksmiths and other tradesmen paraded through the streets, in a threatning manner and faying openly, that they would not go to the armies and that if they were forced in any way they would do the fame as the

I must observe to you that all the corpo-rations of tradesmen have clubs where they meet. The governor and magiltrates have

as yet nordared to take the leaft flep to pun-ish the rioters.

The Prince Henry brother of the late

King, disappeared a few days ago; to one knows where he is. Orders are faid to have been fent to withdraw the trapps from the Rhine.

I will inform you of the confequence that will follow by the first upportunity.

PARIS, June zo. our American and Weft India fleet, took ten prizes on their pullage. Thefe three fairs, and the fau dron in Cancalle Bay, are fitting for fea with all possible expedi-

tion.
On the 12th, 116 fail of the long expected American fleet arrived fair at Breit the whole fleet confided of near 300 fail, and is valued at 100 millions; the reft of the faips have arrived in the different ports of France.

They are hard at work at Breft fitting ut a fresh fleer, which is to be joined by the divition at Cancalle-Bay, and the three ins lately arrived from Ar

Yesterday it was decreed, that every commander of a line of battle ship, who shall fusier his line to be broken, shall be

BELFAST, Joly

B E L F A S T, July 5.
The prefent fitestion of the allied army, under the emmand of Prince Cobourg and the Duke of York, is peculiarly critical.—Pichegra, on the North Welt, in polition of Welt Planders, which cuts off Antwerp, which lies So miles diffact from Tournay; which on the other fide, Jour-dan has advanced as far as the neighborbood of Broffels, which cuts off entirely the communication with Luxemburgh, &c.—If it is a fact the French have feized on the post of Ondenarde, there is not have so miles between the adverced poliof the French in the rear of the combined atiny.

NEW. YORK, Sept. 3.

Authoritic account of the forge of Grande,
Terre (Gondalupe) by the British forces
the brighange of July.

Jervis having collected all his forces
from the feveral filands, appeared off Point
a Petre with fix thirs of the line, one belong a three decker, twelve frigures and fixteres transports. The troops landed at Gozier without difficulty, and began by entrenching themselves very throughy, though
immensity fuperior to the French. The
fort of Fleur of Eppe was their main object; ort of Fleur d'Epec was their main object : the numerous as they were they could have formed it, the hold invalions of the French evinced an heroidm which they thought ar means. They directed their force a gainst Morne Mascot, a hill which com mands filter of Epec with advantage, and which the French had evacuated on ac-count of their numbers being too fault to preferre it. Five batteries were erefled on Morne Miscot, with much precaution and labor; one of five morters of 12 inch-es, another of five 36 pounders, and 2 howtzers. Three large gun bosts were flationed abreaft of Figured Kore.

The town of Point a Petre, on the other hand was commanded by two camps posted on two bills, where two respectable batter-

on two bills, where two respectable patter-ies were erefield.

The French had to oppose to these for-midable preparations, fort of Firm d'Ejec, whose artillery was well ferved. The two frigates who brought the troops from Ea-tope they had diffamilted, and with their reach had adulthed forced haterings. cannon had established feveral batteries to counteract those of the enemy. The Bri-tish kept up for many days a most tremendoes canonade. The town was almost re-duced to roin. The commissioners had hardly a house to remain in. The shipping which the French had taken amount-ed to ninery fail, was much injured by the fire from the floating batteries, and fo were their two frigates. Advantageous term were held forth by the British commande he Sans Culottes rejefted them, determin the Sans Culottes rejected to the to the town and fluipping reduced to the town and fluipping reduced to the town aftire after rather than fubmit. corps as the commissioners could spare were employed in harrasting the camp of the enemy, so that the British did not leave

their entrenchments.

At last the Republicans refolved no onger to combat with an enemy who kept egainst the British on fort Morne Ma eparations were accordingly made: Two columns of 250 men each were marched ont, one of which did not reach the place of attack by the perfidy of its treacherous guides. The only one which arrived began the attack against 1800 men, and climbed the almost inaccessible trenches of the enemy. The Republicans had made themselves mallers of two pieces of cannon: but at last overpowered by numbers, they retired with the loss of 110 men killed one prifoners. The enemy loft according to their own avowal 250 men. An armitice of foor hours was agreed to a both fides in order to bory the dead. The British commander, while the French wen performing their own fervice, could not abiliain from beflowing the highest enlogi-

On the 30th of June the French feeling ! that the enemy dere adding from day to day to their works, it was refolved that a general attack should be made against them. As few/men as possible were left in the post and a fartie effectivated to the the poft, and a fattle effectived to the another of Sod men againft Morne Mai. cot. The atton was bloodily fought: the Republicish had affected y raffied into the enemy's betweenment, when their reat was the fattle confusion by fome crying we'se case of by the British 1 The enemy rallied, and came on with fresh troops, the van of the French made head for a time against an enemy ten times their number, but at length fell bick in good order, three handred of the Republican troops were killed or manded ; none

were made prilosers.

Elated with this fuccest, The British redoubled their fire in the night of the 1st of July. Shells and balls were inceitinily ported into the town infomuch that it be-came untenable, and about 5 o'clock in the morning the British in their tern bore upon it in two columns. The outpolls of the French were on their guard; and their atmy retired in good order to a neighbour-ing hill, called Morne of the government. The enemy pulled into the town 2000 frong; the Republicans were threshood all communication with the fea, those of with military execution; one of their genwith military execution; one of their gen-cial was covard enough to their lamen fi-tuation, and reproach the committioner that the was going to deliver to death forth brave and generous foldiers.

The latter moft publicly declared, their utter abhorience of fo bafe a conduct, and

warmly applauded the relaignion of the commissioner. The attack begin ; a most hours; the French fought like the three hardred Licedemonians of the Thermo-py's. The heat of their fire, and persion larly the judgment which directed it put to light the remainder of the Bristh, a negot part of whom were killed in the They likewise inform the Captin like nate engagement from three to eleven in the forenous; a great part of their artillery was left on the ground, 250 were made prisoners, Gen. Symes was wounded, Gen. prilozers, Gen. Symes was we unded, Gen. Gown and Captr. Robertion who commanded a corps of 500 failors were killed with 300 fifers of lefs note, and their rotal lofs amounted by their own account to \$500 men; the French were occopied two full days interring the British, and more than the contraction of the contract than 200 yet remain in the woods without

In the night of the 2d, notwithflanding their defeat, the British refolved to make an artempt on fort Fleur d'Eper, a form of bombs and cannons, more terrible than ever, feemed to threaten it with utter defruction. Many republicans fell; every one however performed his duty with cellantly lined with men, and answered the fire of the enemy with no contemptible of eft fo that the British daved not to affinite fed to that the Brissin dared not to afford the fort. At two o'clock the fire of the enemy was suddenly fiftened and they were feen, struck with a panie, skying in every direction to the place of their landing. Such an immense quantity of hagage and ammunition gas left on Morne Mideot, that the French could hardly in tage days with all their hands, feerir tim the Borgs. They were no much weaken. he flores They were too much weakened to saver to diffudge the enemy our of Gozier; the 5th and 6th enfuing they were rid of them incidently; the fluttered centales of the British colonial troops and fore hearted royalifts fer fail and abo ed again Grande Terre to the tri color-

ed flag.

It is impossible to do justice to men who in inferior in number, 1000 men, io defli-tate of means; and with two frigates only,

The blacks shewed themselves worth of the decree which reflores them to man-kind and fociety, from which nothing but an unreflecting third of riches and kingly government could have fevered them

The French at the date of our last accounts were in full confidence that they will foon drive out of the ifland the remainder of the British, who appear deltin-ed to meet in all quarters the posissment due to their folly and wirkedness in extempting to give laws to independent mations, and deprive mankind of their rights.

It must afford pleasure to every citizen, to find, that the commissioners are likely to treat with the opposers of the excite law mithout the birrid alternative—burding OF BROTHER'S BLOOD.

Gov. Lee, of Virginia, has iffued his proclamation, to openive with that of the Prefident, on the jubject of the Penn-

fylvania opposition to the excise law.

On the 11th June the National Convention of France decreed, that they would make every possible effort to RETAKE the FRENCH COLONIES.

Capt. Thomas, of the file Make Capt. I norms, at the hip Make, Newbort part, bound to Falmond Diel with flour, see on across of citizent the United States, was followed by the British ritgate Thilbs out of Harps road, to cen by her, withing fabr of the flaces, and fent to Halifan Sabr of the

. Would, that the yankers sould bearing meutral, fay the British tarts—for the second continue to packet their cuft white. ponity !

greater part of the American par ste this fout up!—Ye nations give the claim not, of the American, "PUSIL LANIMOUS WRETCHES"—IS. it more fafily—call it CHRISTIAN FOR BEARANCE!!!

They write from Beilin (Prefix) to the people throughout Germany, partia-larly the youth, are excredingly such the french war; are very discontant as the French war; are very diffeoment; at refuse every where to go to the arms that one affray had artially taken play with frecess against a recent that one attray that actually taken plet with fixcels against a recruiting pay which attempted to deceive form pay tradefacts into their carollment; there fuccels emboldened the people to ple declarations of their detellation of rinciples, and the magifirates dated to a interfere. Behold he beginning that

From Ph ladelphia Sent An express arrived at the War One on Saturday last from the Genetic Can-try (within the flare of New York) win difparches for the Executive of the Unit States, which were immediately leit he fore the Prefident. Several privateles received by the fame conveyance, the that a peremptory order had been the BY COLONEL SIMCOE, the Grame of Upper Canada, requiring an inside removal of the inhabitant who have by far force time feetled on a trait of led is that country, within ter bounds of the Co ed States, agreeably to the treaty of pernited States, who are principally counse in the fettlement of those lands, with termined to relift the fail order, adven preparing to oppose any force that my

and property.

It is faid that an express attied it night to Governor Citaton

S A L E M, Sept. 5.
Prespite from the Well-Indies fay, thiff
conduct of admiral Jervis has rendered hi conduct of admiral Jervis has renderling country an object of a shorteness they with us. We would not wifn to drive even an enemy; but the English tens Juvis condently relies the following section of him: That the links island to be add, which had furrendered to the little same, on the arrival of the find. Effect arms, on the arrival of the firm armament holded again, the national lors; refter which, a British floop of a lors ; fter which, a British floor of a being reported to Admiral Jerris, is deted, verbally, Capt. Rofs, of the fource frigate, to proceed to that it and crufe every man to be flain, every a man to be resulted, and every note of the bedroppist to him to be made impelied How has registerated these large, but order witch were probably given in but it is a forrowful truth, that they too firstly richered to: For when frigure arrived at the iffend; the inte only fort a deputation of 18 men to me their fubmilion : they were taken on box eight of them blindfulded and fact up the forecastle, the reft hanged at the sa arm, and a general flaughter followed

The and. A reffel arrived at Marbleberd on St dared to withfland an enemy fo firong as do., from Halifax, it is faid the ward the British were. Officers, foldiers, and latilors prefeded to no favor but to be placed in the most persions station.

The property of the American Indiana. carrier in there and condemned, to co and refume the charge of her for theorigi al owners.

It is reported, that the above rat brings accounts very favourable tother tinuance of peace to this country; rettitution of our property will be that commissioners are appointed to less all mil anderstandings respecting thetre of prace; and that the British gord ment are engaged to negociate the of the American prifozers at Algiers, fincerely with these flattering reports a be verified.

Diffracties were immediately feat of Philad-liphia.

The following metrocholy accidents

pened on Thursday left. As Mr. Be man Peters, with his grandion, Henri ters, and Nero Pane, a black man-series a boar a little below therethy Bar, a lottle pelow the result of manual and the series and the golf of wind overfet i, and the unformar perfore above mentioned were all con-ed. Search was immediately unde for the boiles. The two former werform the next day, on Weil Seach, Berufflet the latter has not yet been found. puft of wind overfet it, and the m

A PROCÉAMATION.

WHEREAS I has received information that a banditti from the widem part of Pennfylvania, have in definent fire and order, pulled into this consequent, and by threats and other reliability. It is a bandom in the remaining the process of the proce and WHEREAS I have reason to be Erritht the faid handitti are a part of the deladed combination of men, deferib the Prefident's Proclamation of 7th digite frencent a trociamation of 7th digitalist prefent mouth, who forgerful of Hotegricos human and divine, feem in pr only on rapine and anarchy, and tent only on report and anarchy, an derifate concretor, by their emiffires and other illegal means, to fed ce the and compensate of this commonwealth, inha-god people of this commonwealth, inha-ling the country bordering on the State of People of the think them in thems and measures, tending to delivey felunsum meantes, the state of the same of indequal givernment, into the must as

delante race : To arril thele wicked deligns ; to up To mill their wicere trought in the public Mighty of the hay, to prefer the fellow citizens from evil, and our court from different. I have thought proparly and with advice of the Council alone, to like this my Proclumation, alfag an all efficers civil and military, re came with zeal diligence and firmarls, corn lead power welled in them reference is, for the corpose of detecting and being ign trail every frender or offenders, the primites. And I do moreover f cills require and eripsin, that all perform mairy into this Commonwealth, Iron chapitof the failer State, or preferational light difference be particularly watched edifter hall be found diffemination terricked and pernicious doftriars, of meingovernment, thereby violating the general dignity of this Commonwealth in the beimonedistely apprehended and

heith according to law.

GIVEN under my hand, az Governor, and under the Seal of the
Commonwealth as Pro-Commonwealth, at Richmond this Sall, West of August, in the Year of our Lord, one thousand free hundred and ninety four and of the Commonwealth, the nine

HENRY LEE.

BRUSSELS, June 24. The emigrants have offered their fer-ies in Mathal Bender, they were affirmwis de minege of the court. They men each. The necessary arms and position were delivered to them. to.

angenium were delivered to them, to-gether with two fix pounders.

Appelaration in the name of his Im-paid highly, was this moraing ifford by found it rampet and heat of drams. In this production the inhabitants of Realists the faberly are invited to affemble, form tenfelves into companies, choule their a moment's notice. Hitherto this procfued fuccefs.

The following intelligence, contained in mate letter, has just been read to the in-

thinnis,
"As foun as the Pringent Coloning rethred intelligence that the french the caretel Printle, he to moved his head quarters
from Touriss to Ath, in order to worch he mations of the enemy. He arrived at tely mide the necessary dispositions to issignate the necessary disputations to force the county to a handon their conter-pole. He fent a large detachment to re-live Chalend; and an attack being made for Chalend; and an attack being relinen the enemy, they were forced to relin-quish those positions which they had taken

Erry method is now using to induce the reple to rife in a mals. The following Address has been published and circulated win great industry. It hears the uppulaof LE TOCSIN BELGIQUE.

"To arms, Gentlemen, to arms withto concert with the brave Auftrians we fall be forced perhaps to fight against.

"If we'do not fight in defence of our tiligion, our lives, our liberty, and our interity, we find be forced to fight ber

Furnise of definiting these of its.
What then will be our fitnation ! If What then will be

hid General file Commerceally of had example. Will the Langeau receive us in his dominions it but as outfortex determine whether we would morit from a A PROCEAMATION.

A PROCEAMATION.

TWINEREAS I have received information that a banditti from the then with reason force us to ferve in his

" How honourable is it to fight for our God, our King, our country and ourfeld How differentiable to abandon every thing, and at length to be forced to light for a morfel of bread!

"How delightful will cur repole bread."

come after the war, if we keep poss-filen of our enantry! On the other hand, how fad and forrowful will our lives be, if, after the war, we shall blush for our condust, and shame and difference will be our constant companions. We shall be like wandering Jews, and indeed more contemptible than they are, breaule it depends folely on us to referve or to furrender what we have.

" After all, what nik do we run in f. just a war ? If we die, we shall die marryes, if we poilefs the true fentiments of religion,

The Poles have d feovered the fecret of The Poles have d toovered the enemy, and diminishing the number of the enemy, and increasing that of their own troops. Eve

for the encouragement of Rolling and Profitan defeaters.

VIENNA. June 13.

nd has already received the last unition.
The accounts from the army in Iraly ste very day more favourable and the frag

rlands has given in his refignation.

General Mack fee out on his return from

the Netherlands, two days before the Em-In/Turin upwards of 2000 persons have

rend are fled as being concerned in the last conferrery. Four battelions of infantry

d purpole. A great number of perion different classes have been already arrest quantity of powder has been found in the loner hold of a foreign vellel, as would have been fufficient to blow up not only all the veilels in the harbour, but the city it felf.

MARTINSBURH, (Virginia) August 11 By feveral gentleman who arrived her on Wednesday evening from Lexington (Kentucky) and who left it the 18th old (Kentucky) and who left it the 18th ult. of Gen. Scott's volunteers marched on the theh and the General followed on the 17: No aftion had taken place between Gen. Wayne's army and the Indians fines the attacks made on Fort Recovery the 30's of June and the 18 July as related in affor mer paper, neither was any expedied tenti the army moved forwards which it was fun culd be the fift specation after t

old road, July 26, 1794.
"I have jud received accounts from Greenville, that M'Clelland with the fpics

tack on Fort Recovery, and that fince they make. If we engigrate, how fall week.

If and ahither thall we fly? The forfly notes with resulting a summer of the first state of the first sta

miles, but

BALTIMORE, At go The following extract of a letter from a grathering extract of a letter from a grathering banded to ut by a respectable character of this town.

character of this town.
"The French convoy t tri ed the ure, in the best condition, not a vested mil-sing, with 15 rich prizes, a office Indiamen. At one instant, couriers were four to all the iffern towns of France The army of the sorth confits of 160,000 men. The English have been co

The ann, 160,000 men. The Engli 4 of Speces in the vicinity of Or and take no pribates. No received by the English annual within a symptom wit quarters ar he French of Marenes. The King of tified England he could no le ger keep the field, it he did not receive fr pay for 32 000 men. This i politive Toulon, and are cruifing in the 0.000 Ru it was in the field, and made 1-in fians in the field, and made 70 at Groino; the fame fate 10 in the Ukraine. A converting at Warfaw, They copy the Fig. The Turks take a part of is meeting ench entir

and have four preat armie in full march is the frontiers of Raffia and Asilitia. Sweden and Denmark are fail up declare in favour of Poland next for og.

The Nancy, capasie Sasith, of Bultimore, is broaght into por. I Twenty new full of the line and twent- fragares will be ready by the end of this ve rue, in the Cincinnatis, i.

PHILADELPHIA A Pursuant to the Govern tion of the 7th inft, the fre will meet at the State H so next at three o'clock in h Extrad of a letter date. P telcureb. An guff 22d, 1:94 tive from on

junction with lie repreferra-n each county Miles Gallatin and Con k.: on this fide the mountain in Pennsylvania peace about the excise and i adiciary effal himments that have lately been opposed. The government of the Justled States, and of Penastylvania, bavier, condefeended to fired consultioners for Lari purpose. This is flead of fireding in occas blond does not been government, reflore in fellowing the state of th people neglected by got tradment, has driven them to outrage against the laws, and when fuch narrage has starped the deliber rate minded citizen as well as the ferrants of the public."

NEWPORT, Angenft 18.
Laft Wednefday arriver at this port, a
Briefly brig, of about 126 tons, prize to
the Freech privaters (chooser Sun Facelle. She was from und 11 fland, badee with falt, rum and mole less, bound to New-Brunfwick, Nova Septia. The prizemat, ter's name is John Ba side Bernard, who tr's name is John Bastiff Bernard, who came on florer, and the capit day, was taken upand confined in our part, in confequence of a Problamation iffur div the Governor of South Catolina, a Fering a reward for Applement of South Catolina, a Fering a reward for Applement of South Catolina, a Fering a reward for the Catolina of South Catolina, a Fering a coward for the Catolina of Catolina Charleflun.

NEW YORK.

ept. 6. There is in New Je from the original I proteer. Schoolers mine. It was discovered before the late Revolution, and fome effects made on the ore, which was fent to E. gland, to after-tain its richness and obtain the premium for the discovery; but the war suspended for the discovery; but the working of the muse. A company is now formed for carrying on the digging, and extracting of the er from the which is faid to yick of tone. The water mine by a fream engin which complete ly answers its purport will be erected at F. A mill, it is faid. fen, for refining the copper.

logust 30. PORTLAND aday the 11 die of the day, Benjo Foffer, a voone man about 19 year ned by the growlof a bear, upor and two or three cubi. The old one took to the nearest which happene bout eight or Line bur, and about 20 to be a fma'l hemle

wied that I called for help to a man who lived about a upster of a mile from him, man which the bear retreating from the tree fet up a hide-ous yell. She then returned to the tree with great fury and climbed up nearly to who getal say and climbed up nearly to the ground. Earnged at this, the made up the tree a feeced time; about 32 feet, world the came to the ground man, and tak-ing off one of his those, fell again. She immediately recovered, and wish getaler rage than ever, afcended the tree until fise came to the young man and took off his other thoe. He endeavoured to make up the tree as fall as possible, calling for help with the voracious animal at his heels, one of which the feveral times feized; has he forced it out of the care of the car forced it out of her jaws by leaping up the tree. At length the mak furh violent hold of him that he fell to the roots of the tree, and the best immediately after him, on the other fide. The going man, not-withflanding one of his heels and feet were orn and mangled, and his ankle wounded.

happily made his elcape.

The height, from which he fell, has fines been found to be forty eight feet.

BOSTON, September 6.
PRIZE TO THE CONCORD's BOAT

The capture of a fmall schooner, bound rom this port for Halifer, he a heat man now this port tot Haifas, by a bost manned by part of the cress of the French false
in this port, has produced much conveniention, and greatly excited the public mind.
The facturating to the busineds, are thefe:

—The febounet failed on Wednefday aftermoon from the Light-Holfenghand for
the port of her defination. Immediately after, to we are informed by a gentleman paffenger, the boar, armed with two fwir-els befides fmaller arms, failed in pursuit f her, and about eight or nine miles from the light house came up with her, fired two shot at her, and ordered her to firide, or they would sink her—she firek according ly, and was brought back to town. The prilengers were Mr. SWAN of Charlesown, and Mr. MASON, of Maryland, one of the owners of the thip $P_{e_{\Sigma}^{\text{MS}}}$, who have been plandered of their money and clouding.

JULY 13.

We have it from authority, that his Ex-rellency the Governor; by the advice of Council, has Commuted the punishment of HERRY TUFFS, who was to have been ex-cored at Informer, for Barglary, on the 25th of September current, to hard labor on Casile-Island, during his natural life.

Gov. Mattitus, of Georgia, has iffued a proclamation for apprehending the famous General Clazz, who has gone over the Ocuree River, with integer to egablish a

feparate and independent government on the lands allotted to the Indians for their hunting grounds, within the boundaries and jurifactional rights of the fizze of

NORTHAMPTON, Sept. 17.
The order of the king of Prefis, for withdrawing his troops from the Rhine, is faild to be confirmed by a letter from Berlia, This circe Lance, with the Emperor's quitt ng his army, caves no room to doubt. that the cause of the allied powers is con-tidered as desperate. Peace in America, and perhaps in Europe, will be the confe-

quence.

If the intelligence from the Wellward is true in its full extent, what a dignified ap-pearance does Governor Sincoe make, with a few foldiers and Indians, annoving the festers in the back counties! How amazingly will his pare countries? Flow hunor of the faitiful arms, and the interest of the British empire! Such pitiful asts of hostility towards a nation at peace, at first inspire resentment, but from the fully and infignificance of the business, referement foon fightights into contempt 1. As it is now almost certain that we shall not be involved. in a war of any duration or extent, it may perhaps be bell for the country that Simcoo should proceed in his mad career, till the exasperated Americans rise and take vengeance on the daring aggreffors!

WANTED to purchase, 150 CORDS of OAK and HEMLOCK BARK, for which the usual price and pay

will be given, by
BRIDGMAN and RICE.
Northampton, Sept. 17, 1794.

INOCULATION.

HE Subscriber, having obtained a convenient Hofpital, with other fuitable eccommodations for the purpole of In-crulation; any person withing to take the SMALL FOX, will be attended to, be applying at any time from this, to the 31ft of Colober. PETER BRYANT. Commington, Sept. 12, 1794-

INOCULATION the SMALL POX, will be carried on in the town of Cummington, from the

GALLICIA, May 23.

and, and becomes entitled to a finall effect in land, at the end of the war.

The privates who halfs figurities thems felves are to be entitled. Kofcotiko has granted patents of monthly to two gallanifoldiers, who have diffinguished them eives by their intropidity, and he has no lef-than 370,000 Polish flories in the flock

The Prince of Kaunitz lies without hep-

tiers of Lambaldy, they are without any apprehension, and even at Turin they have recovered of their panick.

Count Kaunitz of the army in the Neth-

and two of calvary, of the Imperialiffs, are there already, and more are expedied. According to a general report, a great plot has been diffcovered in Trieft, the object of which was nothing lefs than the destruction of the harbour. The configur-tors are faid to be mellip Italiansor Greek-; who have been purchalled with great fama of money by French emillaries for that boi ed, and on this occasion fuen an imment

errival of the voluntiers.

LEXINGTON, August 2.

Extra0 of a letter from an officer in the

Kenne ky mounted volunteers, ito his

triend in this town, dated Camp, two miles from Fort-Hamilton, en St. Clair's

of General Wayne, have lately taken an Indian prifeser, who informs them of the Indians joing fifty warriors in the late athad differed among themselves, the Miami Indians, Chippawas, Potowatomies, &c. have accused the Delawares. Sha wanete &c. of killing their men; they far it is impedible that so few men as were at the garrilon, faculd kill fo many of them.— thro a piece of wo fome of the friendly ladians killing and ing or rather final fealing feme of their men during the actual which he difference line. In configuence of the difference cube. The old on result then will be our fituation ! If fealping is not of their men correg use as-trainfe to bey, we finall be gailletined; it inco. In configurate of the difference strainty for we are forbidden to commit-liantly got as feel being the commit-liantly got to be guilty of robbeys and the configuration of the configuration mifaner litewife fevr, there was a British officer and three artiflery men with the In-