Courts of Common Pleas, created by tois I drawn ; and this wotoal considence produc- funed cheerfulness, and a heavy heart : ! Aft; and all parties, Jurors, Witneffes and others, who would have been held to spear after the faid day of at the feveral Coorts of Common Pleas,

then next to be holden in this Common-wealth, shall be holden to appear at the then next Circuit Court of Common Pleas, created by this Act in their respective of Common Pleas, created by this Act. hall in the respective counties have fell power and authority to grant any execu-tions, to carry into effect any judgment rendered in the Courts of Common Pleas, now in exidence, in the fame manner as the faid Courts might, had not this Act been paffed. And the Clerks of the faid Circuit Courts of Common Pleas shall, in their respective counties, be the proper certifying officers, to keep and certify the records of the former Courts of Common

And be it further enalled. That the Act, intitled, " An Act ellablishing Courts of Common Pleas," paffed July 3d, A. D. 1782, fhall after the faid day of next, be, and the fame bereby

ON WAR.

An Extra@ from an English publication.

A S war is the last of all remedies, conflate print tentuals, all lawful impediments must be of all to avoid it. As war is the extremity of cell, it is furely the duty of those whose station entrollations with S war is the laft of all remedics, cantle the care of nations, to avert it from their charge. There are difeases of animal nathe care of sations, to avert it from their charge. There are diseases of soinal na-ture which nothing but importation can re-move; so there may, by the depravation of human passions, be sometimes a gang-rene in collective life for which fire and the fword are the necessary remedies; but in what can full or cantion be better the un than preventing such dreadful entrations. while there is yet room for geptle meth

It is wonderful with what indifference and coolness the greatest part of mankind fee war commencing. Those that hear of it at a diffance, or read of it in books, but have never prefented its evils to their minds confider it as little more than a fplendie conder it as infic more than a pirmoning game, a proclamation, an army, a battle, and a triumph. Some indeed mut perifician the most foccessful field, but they die no the most forcesses near, our they ore upon the hed of honor, refign their lives amiss the joys of casquest, and filled with their centry's glary faile in death. The life of a modern foldier is ill rep-

referred by Heroick Fiction. War has the cannon and the fword, of thoulands ten thoniards that perilhed in our late controls with France and Spain, a very fmall part ever felt the thruke of an enemy, the rest languisted in tents or fore, amidfi damps and patrefullion, pale, torpid, fairit anny and pater jutter, paie, tayle, fairs logs, and helpfor; saffing and growing un fitted among men, made obdunate by lang cantiewance of kapelfy miley; and men logi valelated in pits, or heaved into the o-cean, without write and unifous reason-brance. By incommodicine encomponents and unwholelome frations, where courage is ufelefs and enterprife impracticable, fleets are fileatly differpled and armier fluggifoly

melting away.

Thus is a people gradually exhausted for the most part with little circh: the wars of civilized natious make very flaw changes in the fythem of empire, the perceives fearcely any alteration but an increase of debt; and the few individuals who are Excepting are not supposed to have the preparing here as well as in Sweden, that the diagree of the supposed the profit, and months are the danger of payed the profit, and months are the danger of payed the profit, and months are the danger of payed the profit, and months are the danger of payed the profit of the payed the payed the profit of the payed t after bleeding in the battle grew rich by the victory, he might flew his gains with-out eney. But at the conclusion of a ten out eney. But at the conclusion of a ten he death of multitudes and the expense of millions, but by contemplating the fudden glories of paymoffers and agents, contraiters and commissaries aubose equipape soine like meterrs and aubose palaces rife like exalta-

Thefe are the men who cuitbout critice.

Thefe are the men who cuitbout critice. laber or bazard are growing rich as their country is improcribed; they rejoice when oblinacy of ambition adds another year to flaughter and devaffation and laugh-from their delks at bravery and ference, while

on these considerations will turns it no person of pair ("" of the ministry that they have not frastehed with eagerness the first opportant of the first opportant of the first opportant of the first opportant opportunities. After killing the lips of a few full tank not finatched with eagerness the first oppor-tunity of rushing into the field when they

es that wantsneefs of bloodfed that has of-ten defaluted the world. But it is evident that of contradictory opinions, one must be wrong and the hillory of mackind does not want example that may teach cantien to the during and mideration to the

Let us not think our laurels blafted by condescending to enquire, whether we might not possibly grow rather less, than greater, by attacking.

From Hamburgh and Aliena papers to the 30th June.

ALTONA, June 29.
The Swedish and Danish squadrons effected their junction on the 21st inft. the combined first now computed of 16 things of the line, and 10 floor frigares, believes brigs and cotters, will be commanded by the Sweedish Admirel, Count de Watchmeifter, during the three first months

Both governments befides, keep 12 thin of the line in readinels, to join the fleet at the first notice, in order to have effectually their commerce, their neutrality, and in their commercer, their neutrality, and in-dependence, protected against any power that might ofarp the right of diffusion laws to independent flates, and impose chains on the high fear, which beneficient nature has laid open to all nations. The names of the high which from the Danifa fquidon of referve now lying in the road of Copenhagen, are, the Neptone of 84, guns, the Shield of 74, the Julice of 74, Odin of 74, the Mus of 64, and another hip of 64, with a smoothinger weather. Oam or 74; the hursts of 05, and another thing of 65, with a propertionate number of frigates. An equal number of Swelish things of the line is also lying at Califerons, which added to the fleet alrendy at fee, will form a total of 28 thips of the line, and 18 frigates.

COPENHAGEN, June 24 COPENHAGEN, June 24.

We have again received the difagrees-ble news, that a Danith thips have heen element of the design of the design of the tion a British pers. The promise of pay-ing freight and cargo held forth by the Facilith mainlifer will out necessary as English ministry, will not prevent any well informed man, from discovering at the full view, all the baneful confequences of fech an athitrary arrangement, which ea-erosches on the rights of every indepencroaches on the dent nation ; for if we allow the British to contract our commerce within a firgle will foon fell cheaper there, than at our own markets: every forcolation mail; be thwared by their nonerous croifers, and our merchants will from he obliged to re-nounce all commercial emoluments, and lay on their finjering, or agree to provide the English markets, and further, the views of a forcing numeer at view. of a foreign power at their own expense It would indeed be better to all English the exclusive right of navigating beginn the exclusive right or havigating our ports and exporting our produce; for in this cafe no body would be tempted by the prospect of finding a good price in Holland or France, to fend out ships in rder to glut the English markets Danish produces and facrifice his for-

The tried wildom and firmnels of on court-leaves no noun for doubt, but the object of the prefent negeciations at the court of London, is to fettle affairs to the entire fatisfaction of the public : a bare references titution of what has been, illegally feized not enough ; fecurity maft be given fer the fattire; the feas must be free, and our commerce unthackled. The combined seer and the armaments by fea and land, give weight to our just demands. If to there is every appearance that the combin-ed fleet now composed of 28 ships of the line, will be increased to fifty four ships of the line, a force more than fufficient to command the Baltic, and difonte the For pire of the North Sea, with any power or carth.

Love is a better Recruiting Sergent even than Loyalty.—A joung female from the neighbourhood of Wattington, last week the neighbourhood of Watrington, laff week applied to one of those hero-hunting, glory-making, man crimping firest foldiers, call, ed a beater ab, in Cheffer, and volume ed a beater up, in Cheffer, and volun-tarily offered herfelf to ferve his Ma

they are adding figure to figure, and types they are adding figure to they are adding figure to spine, beging for a new contrast from a new armoment and computing the profit of a new tempel.

They are adding figure to figure a new contrast from a new tempel, and the profit of the part of the profit of the pro

tenity of rushing into the field when they aids, the purchate of part of ther infiltwere able to obtain by quiet negociation, ing money (for the poor creatate
all the real good that victory could, by see could not disub, the melantholly moment
trought us.* Of without indeed every
came for her departure for bed, when the
ration is confident before the fword is
was told, that the must fleep with curs of ards, the purchase of part of her inlift

after being at reft a very fhort period, a person in the kitchen, who shad been a wit-ners of the whole translation, and posterior of rather more differences than his neigh-boars, expressed his suspicion of the new recentive. recruit's fex: in confequence of this infor-mation, a Council of War was held, and the refult of their determination was to order her out of bed, which was no fooner done, than the young heroine, burfling into a flood of tears, made a full confession of her error, acknowledging that the raftinels of the deed was caused by the seductive blanthe facts was exacted by the readdler," who had very Hammardiy plundered her of an innocent and unfulpetting heart.

T.

The poor girl has fince been perfuaded rader are daily reafted by the reft of the party for their want of penetration.

Extrast of a letter, lately received from intrall of a letter, tately reterval from a correspondent in Germany, dated in May. It is ambentic and contains facts, several of them not before known in America.

A T Stockholm the Galley fleet is fitted for several from the first several factors, the contains the first several factors.

A tea for ies, and at Carestotons, the Swedish admiralty has not 8 thins in com-mittion. At Copenhagen, 4 ships of the line are ready and 4 others ordered to be fitted. It is believed that the Rossian threatnings to fend a fleet into the north fea may have given occasion for their arma-

"The fate of Poland is not yet fully de cided. It is certain the Empress and rise King of Proffia are at variance; for the Empre's withed for a continuation of the war, in order to weaken her belligerent ri-The finances of Ruffis are the only diegnard of Europe. With more money, the refliefs ambition of this despot would have meddled with the war. The infamous measure of compelling Courland to fubmic to her power, is universally abhorted. It is a shameful falfehood that they

red. It is a financial fairchood that they fabrilled volantarily; it was through freighery and overbearing power.

"Utwo long of Profile a peace with France is not by Drince Henry, brother to the 1steKing. He thowed to the King whatmiftey he would bring upon his flare by continuous the war, in force of his invest-continuous the war, in force of his investcontinuing the war, in favor of his invete rate enemies Auftria and Ruffia. — The King's declaration at the Diet of Ratifbon, concerning peace, was generally applanded, except by the Emperor and the Elector of Gologoe, his bruther, and a few others. All Germany withed long ago for peace, and except the nobles, was opposed to the material of the freach Revolution, the people of Germany were for the Revolution in fulf, and diffinguished very well the trautient secident is consumed from the second of the rate enemies Auffria and Ruffia .tal enormities from the goodness of the crats and English liberty, from the fury of factions. Hence a general aversion pre-valled against the war, among the allied orces-even Hungarian regiments threw down their arms before their officers, fay-" the French are right."

ing "the French are right."

Yes the peace as made by Prollis confirms the sufficient that a separation of the Germanic union, into a southern and Roman Catholic division, with the Emperor at the head, & a northern one of proteffeats action near, & a northern one of procedinate under the protection of Profilis, will lose day take place, perhaps from. The King of Profilia actied the part the Emperor thould have done. The German princes are much inclined to make a feparate peace, like him, moder by: under his influence. Hannver only, the unhappy flave of England, will continue the war, though the phople are greatly en-raged against the government, as it is mid-ness to refes the French at present. There is forming a party in that Electorate, who, by all possible means, endeavor to deliver he country from the yoke of the English minifity. Many of the nobles are at the head. The government of Hanover con-iffs of a few arch-ariflocrats, fome nobles

this of a few argh-ariflocrats, fome nobles, wishout intelligence; others, not nobles, but ambitious, etnoting, and inclined to arbitrary government.

"The French Emigrants, quartered at little Hade and the neighbourhood, coming great conquiries; a saighte government declared, in a publication, that they were not able to defend the people, but were chilged themfelves to fubmit. In the middle of April, the Hanoverians, with 700 men, (or rather bors, for all their old mil. alte of April, the Hanoverians, with 900 men, for salter hoys, for all their old military are killed) fiezed at night—the Hamburgh diffrict of Ritzebuttel at the mouth of the Elbe. The Hamburgers have only a finall garrifan there. The Sentator who governs the diffrict proteffied, and the Hamoverians declared they came as friends, and would not even diffare the gartifon.—The fame was done in the Imperial city of The fame was done in the Imperial city of Bremen. All by order of England, and through the influence of general Freyrag

upon the King.
"The Hanoverian Gazette declared that the occupying of Rizzebottel could not but be expected by Hamburg, as it lay in the line of defence. It is a diffrict of z₅ Eng-lith figure triles, with a fmall barbor, pof-* This allows to the difference with Spain at

To hefittee would have begat enquiry:

The therefore marched up flairs with an af
feffed and purchased fines the middle of the

13th century, by Hamburg, and scinors-ledged as their property by formal trains and by the Empire.

"The principal aim is that the Reglith.

nor for their loyalty and good pri it not for their toyany and good prince there would be a rebellion. Now they fend to fend a Cordon on the Weler ofelefs relifience, for if a body of 20 co

Hereis feminence, for it a noay of 20 coo-Frenchmen arrive, all will fiv before then. "We hear nothing of La Fayene & hit intended deliverer, Dr. Bollman, Without intended octiverer, Dr. Bottimed, Without doubt they are closely confined. Occ. V. Van Ankelholx, a Profitan officer, and Van Ankeinors, a froman omeer, and a good political writer in his Minere, a po-litical Magazine published at Altoza, his. ly spoke in his behalf, with a boldessi be ly finck in his behalf, with a boldest becoming an independent freeborn magBut the Emperor's minifiers are der for all
entity and jufficer, sawell as to the call of
honor. It feems to be a joint call of
honor, it feems to be a joint call of
honor, it feems to be a joint call of
honor, it feems to be a joint call
when the prerogation of Kings and Nh
horsyste for generally questioned, hey can,
mit the most enurmous all of injointers
But all is nothing in comparion with Poland. Dearmark is the oult monarche But all is nothing in comparison with Poland. Desmark is the only monately gody and with wildom. The bending the profess, and miniter Bending, as well a others, deferes universal praife.

orners, ocierve dolverin, preside,

"From South Proffix, the lately conquered part of Poland, they write that the country really has been happier underPmf fine laws and government, than ender it Polith, except as to the refinitions Faitin, except as to the returnant of trade. Religious defpotifm of Belinferns to be checked a little at prefent. Palitical Whitest are allowed to write with a good dead of freedom, especially about foreign

dealpy irectom, appearanty about toreign affairs.

Trance, impartial travellers, no port, that the anarchy which was a need-fary confequence of the great crifs and return to humanity, begins to caste. The arithment of sumantry, negroto cash. The arithment of sumantry, negrot of the returning emigratus will find perplex the government, which begins only to be featled. The wan of bread is ig part errificial and it filling from famine. The affiguess fall rapidly a wight to fore. The affiguess fall rapidly and the tension of the affiguest fall rapidly and the tension of the affiguests fall rapidly and the tension of the affiguests. from framine. The affiguest fall apidly a might be forefere, yet the republic acquisity loudity by the humane principles adopted lasely by the peace with the Vendezin and the Chouans, by the peace with Profus, with most of Germany and part of Inly, the Chouans of the Chouans of the Chouans of the with most of Germany and part of Inly.

patriots avoid all cruelty and arbitrary measures. The French troops being par-tered there occasions discontents, even mongfi the patrious. The derangement of tary, the officers almost raking their di miffion, the fleet without feamen, and co manders, all of them adhering to the Stadtholder, as the fource of preference and the Colonies in danger. What is fail about feciet-conditions between Profits and France for re effablishing the Statisticales, is thought to be without foundation; the majority of the nation diffike him fo much and he is a prince without merity those

Goodman and Merrill

INFORM their friends and codomes, that they wish to purchase, one these and buffields of Flax-Seed, and sich souther or white BEANS, for which Son or any kind of Well India Goods will be peld if celivered by the 20th of Ottor and a generous purce given. Those indebted for Well India Geods

or otherwife, whole time of payment is out, are defined to discharge the face with out lofs of time, or they will find the an Attorney to be collected. Charlemont, Sept. 22, 1705

To be Sold,

T Public Vendue, by order of the Northempton, in and for the County of Hampfhire, on the first Tuesday of Septings, so much of the real estate whereof Master Warner, the elder, late of Ambers, Warner, the elder, lare of Ambet in faid county, decrafed, feized, as will produce one hundred eighty three dollars and thirty three cents, and half a cent. said vender will be at the dwelling houl of George Williamson in faid Amherd, on the twenty-fixth day of Offober next-faid Real Effate is fituated in faid Amherd. MARTIN KELLOGG, Adm't,

Sept. 26, 1795. TO BE SOLID at PUBLIC VENDUE. By order of the Court of Common Pleas, on the 26th of October next at the house of Nathaniel Gann, Incheldet in Montague, all the real citate of Elibs.

Harvey, late of Montague, deceased.

LUCY HARVEY, Admin's.

Montague, Sept. 30, 1795.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 12. UN Thursday the 27th day of August 12, a most civel and inhuman murder was nitted at Upper Smithfeld, in the compress of Northscopters, in the fiste of Pentilivania, by une Saphen Monro, up on the body of his father in law, Elian night. The minute circumstances of all. At a coroner's inquest taken before s C. Seely. Efg. one of the maniferates of fild county, the Jury unanimously return-ed a verdict of wilful morder, and every ereffery ftep is taken to bring the culpri

By the Maria, we have received Paris papers to the 9th and Boordenux to the

Fermont, in the name of the Committee of public Safety, interrupted the ordinary discussors of the Convention, on the 8th of July, to communicate diffratches which hey had just received from the East : flat ing that the English had deharked on their ing that the Englith had debatked on their cuft from nine to 1en thousand men, web-ne and children. The place of landing area not named, they were chiefly cent-parts, and many of them prichts. The English Admiral had formmoned the Cem-nadant of Beliste, in the name of Leuis ryh. He aniwered like a Republican, * that had got powder and cammin, and that is finally never obey the orders of a king! The English, by cruel treatment, had fore the augmin by their realment, had fore-ed force of our matine prifocers on board their reflets; that at the fight of their coun-my, they quitted the English, to embrace their brethren. Belifie is provisioned, and merfores taken to receive the English, if they attempt a new enterprize.

After this, Douclet read a letter from the General in Chief of the army; on the fide of Cherhourg, dated Alencon, July 5.

At the moment, faid the General, in At the moment, faid the General, se continue to beat the Choquas on all fides. In the department of Mayence and Loire, a numerous affembly of them has been defeated and their chief killed. In many other cantons the Republicans trito fabrair, but others defire to march with the Republicant to exterminate the rebels.
The column of the army of the North, is advanced confidently into Britanny."

NEW-YORK, September 25. On Sunday afternoon laft, a pleafure boat was overfet in a heavy guft of wind in the East River, near Blackwell's Island by which unfortunare circumflance, four en were drowned. We underffand one of the men is named Griffieh, and kept marding house a little above Peckslip; the names of the other three we have not

yet learned.—

GT A ferious warning to shope subo are of amufing themfelves on the quater, fab-

Extract of a letter from a gentleman o this city, now in Bourdeaux, dated

July 9. "We arrived berethe ad loft, after a "We arrived here the ad tolk after a try agreeable, but very rough pallage of 31-days, and are at prefent to perfelt health. I am very much taken, in with France, for it is a perfelt garden, and every thing plentiful; we get heef there of the state of the beff for 5d per lb. and vegetables in pro-portion. American produce is very low here at prefent. My venture of those I intend to bring home, again for they coff seten, I canout get more than 12 hill. Ings, per pair for them. Pepper, cotton, ladigo, hides and fogar, will not fetch believe the set of the se be detained for two months, before we not having their work well digefled, noth

en get fale for what we hare,
"We fee here at prefent five women
for one man. The affiguats are depreciation very fall 150 livres for a dollar."
We hear, that a povernment veffel is at-We hear, that a government vellel is arto express arrived in town with dispatches for the French Minifter, which contains respondent intelligence, viz. That all had vanished, the terms contended for those powers being deemed inadmiffi-In had Ian had been repeatedly bearen, and that

HARTFORD, Sept. 21. Estrati of a letter from a gentleman in New Haven, to the editor, dated the 19th ieft. "I take the liberty of transcribing the

"I take the liberty of transcribing the following clause from a Letter, received this day from a friend in New-York, whose teracity is unquestionable, and who, as a potestional Medical Gentleman, has the left exportanity of information."—" The left exportantly of information."—" The lefted, and we hope it merer will.

alignant fever is now reging with great

"to mech praife cannot be bedowed on your constitution of the Cuty in face to a lambe devery part of the Cuty in the heen confined principally to Front.

"It all make the property of the Cuty in the general averign of fireforced among every person of respectability to this mability furry. Water Street, Pevil Street and the displantation of Crane Wanfi, until with a few days put; it has now forced, and

is Braking out in every part of the City:
I There has been from 40 to 60 victims per is day, the week paft. The inhabitions, in general, who has the means) are highly infinite her votaries with placid and congress to avoid a condition that I fear will make as great havored monghl as as it did in Philadelia.

The has been from 40 to 60 victims per infinites an argument to Despois to expect in finite argument. She glorical inconverts made by her Champion, Reason-and aways when Powtk, [cs. lifted in her canfer that the contract of the cont day, the week path. The inhabitants, in general, (who have the means) are flying, to avoid a condition that I fear will, make as great havock through as as it did in Philadelphia. "The better meanioned actions of the control of the ount is fully correlected by Camains Clark and Mills, of the New-Haten Pack ets, who atrived this day, and landed a number of families at Eafl Haven, who are

numer of temines at failt-lawer, who are compelled by the pelice of this place, to perform querantine,"

September 28.

Extract of a letter fram a gentleman in New York to bis friend in this City, dated September 28.

for a but frima in the Copy, and deficience, 2.1.

"I am forsy that I cannot give you fuch a favourable account of what is sulgady, called the Yellow-Fever, as I could which I think is a Malignan Billions. Feer, I believe you may fay that about 200 persons have died within these six weeks, the beginning of last week 43 were buried in three days, eleven the day tollowing, and fince the alteration of weather, it It is amorning to fee what a panic people are flouck with, moving forniture both b land, and water. (like Mar day) pore fea I think may kill a man, almost as foon as a Cannon Bell, I have heard fay a man fly-ing towards Albany to avoid the disorder, died, (perhaps of fear) before he reached

ine place. Extra2 of another letter from the fame gen-"We zie by a further Proclamation for-

bid intercourfe with Philadelphia for one month from and inf. both he land and we ter. The people fill in a very great panic here, there being from 18 to 20 dying daily ; but the deffer's have manimont? declared, that no new cafes, or applications have appeared their two days pa

By papers received from New-York lines out last we find the number of deaths in that city, as reported by the Committee of city, as reported by the Commi

Friday evening, 5	Sept. 18th.	14
Saturday,	10th.	23
Sunday,	zorb.	7
Monday,	2117.	17
Tuefday,	22d	15
Wednelday,	230,	. 19
Thorfday,	241h,	19
	-	To de la constitución de la cons

BOSTON Sept. 16.

THE RIOTS,
Which have for fome time different this town, we are happy to fay, appear to

What the real intention of the riotent were, had they have been lefs opposed, we are mable to fer; their offensable object, in the firft inftance, was the immolati in the first instance, was the immolation of as Efficy of Governor Jay. They paraded with an Image through the principal streets of this metropolis, on Friday evening, the 4th inst, but were at length interspited by the orderly Citizens; and the man of first when from them. Nothing occurred again to diffush the trangulity of the town, till the Wednelday evening fol-lowing. They then affembled with anothlowing. They then affembled with another Figure, marched as before, through fome of the Breete, and burned the Effigure, near Oliver's Dack. It was late in the evening, and being an event little suspects. ed, no persons were present to prevent an occurrence so derogatory to reason, and to the Town.—Some few, just at the close of the husiness, endeavoured to represent the ignominy confequent on fuch conduct, and the dangers which the imbabitants were ex-posed to, by fires in the fivers; but they were ill treated and josted, though no materially injured. On Thursday night, a few of the evil disposed again, collected but either from deficiency in nambers, or ing was attempted. On Friday egening however, they collected early, and family ous, after parading for fome time, they proceeded to the house of Mr. Wallach, in the front of the town, with the hope of meeting with Mr. Raine, Editor of the ORREZT, who, by a publication on the preceding day, against same popular characters, had excited their referenment. Here if we conside in the statement of Mr. WALLACH, which is supported by deposi-tions,) they assisted the bouse where the tinns.) they affailed the house where the obnavious editor refided, with flones and brickbars-till having irritated the mafter of is, they see fird upon—one perion of plouland, lying about 30 rules tall of was flightly wounded in the face: After sabove, asother discharge of firms, the mob disperfed. All was peaceable till Mondaywhen there was again a ristons affemblage

They made a boulite in Liberty Square.

The Attorney General and Sheriff in at-

tempting to disperse them, were both ill-used and insulted. About 11 o'Clock, the mob was dishanded. It has not since col-

by mock friends) is found forming Crist x, in her name.

Seutember ze. Important ne Important news direct from France.
BILBOA TAKEN.
Yellerday strived at Marblebead, a

schonner commanded by Capt. W. Brown, in 53 days from Bourdeaux. Capt. B. in-forms, that the day before he failed, an American veffel arrived at Bourdeany, from St. Andero, the mafter of which Capt. B. been captured by the French.

Capt. B. brought many papers, and let-ters, which have not yet arrived in town. We expect them here this day.

Arrived at Salem, a few days face, Cart.
Edmood Upton, from Petit Gozve, which
place he left 27 Aug. who informs, that
the American these mere arrived. he Americans there were very fickly, and die daily; of 14 maters of velfels, not one was able to attend to bofinels. Capt. Top-liff, in brig Dolphin, of Bofton, fick athore and able to write. Cooper dead, Mate and all hands fick. Capt. Canlkins, of N. London, had loft 2 of his people—oll the others fick. Capt. Harding of P. the others fick, Capt. Harding, of Bof-ton, taken from Port an Prince, bound home, carried to Peat Goave, inpposed to be condemned-Mate, dead, all bands fick. A hip and two higs, of Philadelphis, ta-ken and carried into Petit Goave, praba-bly will be condemned—had Juft fome mea-Capt. Upton, on a voyage of eight months three mates-returned home without one The inhabitants of Petit Goave take carry in all American vefels to or from

money and other valuable articles to a cofiderable amount—one vellel belonging to Philadelphia, of 13000 dollars, another belonging to fome other port, of nearly the

NORTHAMPTON, Sept. 30. DIED]-at Athfield on the 15th inft. Mrs. Remember Smith, confort of the Rev. Ebenezer Smith, of that town.

The public are hereby informed, that the folderibers have enter-ed into meteratile befinels together, under the firm of Hanshaw and Hunt: And that they now have for fale at their flore in Northempton Brandy, Rum, Wines, Gino, Porter, Molaffer and Sogars-Hyfon and Behea Teas, Coffee and Chochlate, Calk and Box Railins, Tamariads, Cinna mon, Allfpiee, Pepper and Ginger, Cod-fift, and Pickled Salmon, Iron Steel, Nail, and Window Glafa, Brimtone, China Glafe and Earthan Ware, Tobacco of variis, &c. Cro.

N. B. Tavera keepers who with for pure liquors to refresh the weary traveller, may find an ample sopply at their flore. They have also Malaga Wine of the first

quality for Churches.
SAMUEL HENSHAW. DAVID HUNT.

September 30. 1795.

For Sale, A HANDSOME fittation, a few rods well of Principled Meeting Houte, way clean, for leading to D. LARNED.

Pittsfield, 14th Sept. 1795.

To be Sold.

on the Premifes.

A T Public Vendue, on Thorsday the 15th day of Odober-next; at three p'clock P. M. at the dwelling hoole of Zeves Perfeet, lambolder in Springfeld-unlet Sonore disposed of by private Sight, the whoic of the property in Inid Springfield belonging to the county of Hamp fhire, confiding of the Prifun Ground, con-taining about half an acre of land, with the dwelling book and buildings thereon very conveniently fitested near the centre called, containing about a and an half acre

of the Peace.

SYLVESTER JUDD, Cem'tee. Seprember 20, 1795.

Straved from the palture of the (abbeiler in Ahfald, a pale red yearling STEER, with a white face, no attificial mark — Whoever will take up fidd Steer, and give indomation where he may be had, thall be handformely reward-ed, by JOSEPH PEARCON. Altheld, Sept. 30, 179; Commerceasit of Magachafetts.
TO the Hunnrable Senate and Huns of Attersentatives, in General Court adembled, this 5th day of Felt.

1715. Memorialiffa beg leave to reprefeor to your Honours, that the main post road between Botton and Springfield, is fome part of it very bad, especially in Wedern and Palmer, so that it is probably

beyond the refources of those towns to make it good travelling in those places. They beg leave further to represent, that in Connecticut and Rhode-Illand, great exertions have been made to amend the roads in those parts, especially between Norwich and Providence, with an intent to turn the western travel that way.—Your memorialifis taking this fobject into confideration, conclude that no way can be found effectual to amend the road above menriozed, but the effablishment of a company (under fuch regulations as your honours may think proper) with power to a-mend the faid mad, and with a right to take fome reafonable toll for their comprofession—This they conceive would be a great advantage to the western parts of this state, as allo to the town of Boston.— Your memorialies therefore pray your Honours to take the fame into your wife confideration, and to take fuch meafure hereic as may appear confident with the public good—and your memorialists as in duty bound will ever pray. LEVI PEAS.

EPHRAIM MOWER.

Communate of Maffachufetts. ON the Petition of Levi Pease and EFHRAIN MOVER, in behalf of

THRAIN MOVER, in behalf of themfelves and affordists, praying for an Incorporation and affablishment of a Turn-pike Road between the town of Brookfield and Wilbraham, on the great road leading from Springfield to Bothon:

from Springfield to Bodfan:

Ordered, 'That the petitioners motify the
inhabitants of the towns of Weflers and
Palmer, and all perfons concerned, to appear on the third Wednelday of the next
leftion of the General Court, and thew
canfe if any they have, why the prayer of
faid petition fhould not be graved, by
publifying faid petition and this order
three feveral times in the feveral newfpapers privated in the counties of Worefarpers privated in the counties of Worefarthree feveral times in the feveral, ewelga-pets prioted in the counties of Worcefler soft Hamphire, the laft of which publica-tions that he fixty days before fad third Wednefday, and that Judie Ely and The-ness Hall, jon, Elyn, with fook as the Hon; Senatz [field] jon, be a committee at the expense of the petitioners to view and con-fider the expediency of the mexicit, and afcertain with precition the place or places lie, and report their opinion to the pat-fellion of the General Court;

Sent up for Concurrence, ... EDWARD H. ROBBINS, SAFr. In Senate June 23d, 1795.
and concerted, and EEENEZER
ATTOON, jon. Eig. is joined.
SAMUEL PHILLIPS, Prefd's.

True Copy - Atteff, SAMUEL COOPER, Clerk, Sexute. Amberd, Sept. 24th, 1795.
THE Committee hereby give notice—that they propose to meer as Major Silerie, in Paimer, on Tuefday the 27th day of Offiber sear, to view the proposed was

EBENEZER MATTOON, job.

Roger Fowler,

VISHES to inform the Public, that he is carrying on the Cloth Dreffing business, a few tods well or the meeting house in Worthington, where those that would with to have their cloth dreffed, may depend upon having it done with nestness and dispatch. September 16, 1795.

Ran away on the 14th olt. a BOY named David Jacobs, 13 years old, fmall of his age, light brown bair, has a feat on one cheek, had on when he went away Tow cloth trowfers, felt hat, and a grey veft—faid Boy had been out a pedling cubips and other articles. Whoever will take up faid Boy and return him to the take up taid boy and return but to the fublisher, or, give information where he may be found, thall have fire dollar reward, and all restonable charger paid, by ADONIJAH JACOBS.

Hilladale, Green River, State of New-York, Sept. 1795.

Taken up in damage, in Hadley Great Meadow, on the 20th of September, ind. three MULES. The owner is defired to prove property, and pay the expenses, and take them away. OLIVER SMITH, jun.

Hadley, Sept. 27th, 1795.

Atat time about Paltland i Iflands.