MASSACHUSETTS HISTORICAL COMMISSION Office of the Secretary, State House, Boston

		596
In Area no.	Form no.	
	31B-6	

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Northampton Ses Round Hill Road					
				Rogers Hall	
ent use Classrooms/Library,					
ke School for the Deaf					
ent owner <u>Clarke School</u>					
ription: early 19th century with later (Victorian) additions					
ource Northampton Book; Gazette					
Federal/Second Empire					
enitect unknown					

brick

4. Map. Draw sketch of building location in relation to nearest cross streets and other buildings. Indicate north.

	INVENTORIED PROPERTY
ELM 57	REET (ROUTE 9)
DO NOT USGS Qua	WRITE IN THIS SPACE adrant
MHC Pho	to no

	dormers;	brick	walls:	stone	lir	itels
	above win					
	Altered	yes	[	ate_va	riou	ıs_
	Moved	no		ate	•	
5.	Lot size:		•			
Less than one acreOver one acrex					x	
	Approximate	frontag	re	450 fe	et	
	Approximate	distanc	e of build	ling fro	m str	reet

50 feet

C. Dubie

Commission

No verber 6 19/

Other features 2 stories w/mansard and

Exterior wall fabric

6. Recorded by\_\_

Date

Organization

Outbuildings (describe) none

(over)

JUN 3 0 1976

Northampton Historical

59	4
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7.	Original owner (if known)		ر درور میں معید مید		
	Original use	Residence		<u>.</u>	```
	Subsequent uses (if any) and	dates <u>Clarke</u> Sch	001		
8.	Themes (check as many as a	pplicable)			
	Aboriginal Agricultural Architectural The Arts Commerce Communication Community development	Conservation Education Exploration/ settlement Industry Military Political	Recreation Religion Science/ invention Social/ Humanitarian Transportation	<b>X</b>	

9. Historical Significance (include explanation of themes checked above)

Round Hill is a small hill northwest of the central business district in Northampton. It has traditionally been the site of innovative social and cultural experiemtns and an exclusive residential area. Historian George Bancroft conducted a school on the Hill in the 1820's and later in the century a water cure and hotel established the hill as a resort for the wealthy.

Clarke School was first conceived by John Clarke who, in 1867, set aside \$50,000 for the creation of a school for deaf mutes. The institution was chartered by the legislature in 1867 and opened that year with twenty pupils in the old Gothic Seminary building on Gothic Street. A handful of students from a school for the deaf in Chelmsford joined the group; their instructress Miss Rogers came to manage the Clarke School and remained principal until 1886. By that time the School had acquired considerable property from Josiah Clark, Harvey Kirkland, and the Round Hill Hotel. The School later acquired the Williston properties and has adapted many of the original structures to institutional uses.

Rogers Hall was originally the property of the Shepherd family, early residents of the hill. The early 19th century residence with soapstone front has undergone changes reflecting the fashion of later periods and the growing needs of the school. A mansard dating from the 1880's increased available space as did additions to portions of the structure. One small section of the original soapstone wall remains.

10. Bibliography and/or references (such as local histories, deeds, assessor's records, early maps, etc.) Hampshire Gazette, 6/4/1867, 7/23/1867, 7/9/1867, 8/1/1871, 7/20/1886, 11/18/1927.

The Northampton Book, Forbes Library.